FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XXXVI.] FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1853. [NO. 1871.]

IN SENATE, March 21st 1853.

Concluding his remarks upon Central American Affairs, Mr. EVERETT said:

Sir, in our views of the glorious future that awaits the Union, we are apt to regard geographical extension as the measure and the index of our country's progress. I do not deny the general correctness of that impression. It is necessary for the formation of the highest type of national character that it should be formed and exhibited upon a grand and extensive scale. It cannot be developed within the bounds of a petty State.—Nor do I admit that this idea of geographical expansion necessarily carries with it—though it does perhaps by natural association—that of collision with other Powers. But, sir, I think there is no fear, so far as geographical extension is necessary, that we shall in the natural progress of things, have as much of it, and as rapidly, as the best interests of the country admit or require. In the mean time, if we wish a real, solid, substantial growth—a growth which will not bring us in collision with foreign Powers—we shall have it in twenty-five years to our heart's content; not by the geographical accession of dead acres; not by the purchase of Cuba, or by the partition of Mexico, but by the simple peaceful increase of our population.

Sir, have you well considered that that mysterious law which was promulgated on the sixth day of the Creation—"Be fruitful and multiply and replenish the earth"—will in twenty-five years of peace and union—for it is all wrapped up in that—unaided by foreign immigration, give us another America of living men as large as that which we now possess? Yes, sir, as far as living men are concerned, besides replacing the millions which will have passed off the stage, it will give us all that the arm of Omnipotence could give us, if it should roll up from the depth of the Pacific, and join to the Union another America as populous as ours. If by any stroke of power or policy you could to-morrow extend your jurisdiction from Hudson's Bay to Cape Horn, and take in every State and every Government on this continent, and all their population, it would not give to you a greater amount of population, including your own, than you will have at the end of twenty-five years by the simple law of increase, aided by immigration from abroad.

Sir, it is the opposite spirit of military aggrandizement, the spirit of conquest, that has forged those chains in Europe which the Senator so eloquently deplores. It was this that brought Asia to the dust in the morning of the world, and has kept her seated in sackcloth and ashes ever since. This blasted Greece; this destroyed Rome. It was not a foreign enemy that laid the axe to the root of Rome's freedom; it was her own proconsuls coming home from the successful wars of Asia, gorged with the gold of conquered provinces. The spirit of military aggrandizement and conquest have done the same for Europe. Will they not do it here if we indulge them? Do not let the Senator think that I suspect he wishes to indulge them; but will they not do it? Will they not give us vast standing armies, overshadowing navies, colossal military establishments, frightful expenditures, contracts, jobs, corruption which it sickens the heart to contemplate? And how can our simple republican institutions, our elective magistracies, our annual or biennial choice of those who are to rule over us, unsupported by hereditary claims or prætorian guards, be carried on under such influences?

Do not mistake me, however, sir. I counsel no pusillanimous doctrine of non-resistance. Heaven forbid! Providence has placed us between the two great world oceans, and we shall always be a maritime Power of the first order. Our commerce already visits every sea, and wherever it floats it must be protected. Our immense inland frontier will always require a considerable army; and it should be kept in the highest state of discipline. The schools at Annapolis and West Point ought to be the foster children of our Republic. Our arsenals and our armories ought to be kept filled with every weapon and munition of war, and every vulnerable point on the coast ought to be fortified. But while we act on the maxim "in peace prepare for war," let us also remember that the best preparation for war is peace. This swells your numbers; this augments your means; this knits the sinews of your strength; this covers you all over with a panoply of might; and then, if war must come, in a just cause, no Power on earth—no, sir, not all combined—can send forth an adversary from whose encounter you need shrink.

But give us these twenty-five years of peace.—I do believe that the coming quarter of a century is to be the most important in our whole history, and I do believe, too, you let us have the twenty-five years, at least, in peace. Let our fertile wastes be filled up with swarming millions; let the tide of immigration continue to flow in from Europe; let the steamer, let the canal, let the railway, especially the great Pacific railway, subdue these mighty distances, and bring this vast extension into a span; let us pay back the ingots of California gold with bars of Atlantic iron; let agriculture clothe our vast wastes with waving plenty; let the industrial and mechanic arts erect their peaceful fortresses at the waterfalls of our rivers; and then, in the train of this growing population, let the printing office, the lecture room, the school room, and the village church be scattered over the country; and, sir, in these twenty-five years we shall exhibit a spectacle of national prosperity such as the world has never seen on so large a scale, and yet within the reach of a sober, practical contemplation.

The Rev. Francis L. Hawks, D. D. LL. D., of New York City, has consented to preach the valedictory sermon to the graduating class of the University at the close of the present collegiate year.—*Raleigh Register.*

More Mail Robberies.—We have been informed that several depredations upon the Mails have been made in this quarter within the last month. A letter mailed at Boon Hill, Johnston County, containing seven dollars, and directed to Dr. Lee, Editor of the Christian Advocate, Richmond, reached its destination rifled of its contents. A letter mailed at Smithfield containing $3, with the same direction, also failed to reach its proper destination; another containing $160, directed to the Methodist Book Concern, reached the agents of that establishment, the money having been abstracted.—*Goldsborough Republican.*

Suicide.—We are pained to learn that, in Chatham county on the 26th March, Mrs. Mary Hackney, wife of Mr. Joseph Hackney, committed suicide by hanging herself with a rope in her own house. She leaves a husband and nine children to mourn the sad occurrence. The cause of the rash act we could not learn.—*Ral. Star.*

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 7, 1853.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—A sale of several Houses and Lots in this town on Monday last, was, we learn, well attended, and the bidding spirited.

The "Academy Lot," adjoining the Episcopal Church, fronting 100 feet on Green street, was bought by Jas. Kyle, Esq. at $1475.

The dwelling and store on the same street, occupied by Mr. J. B. Walton, was bought by Mr. Walton at $2400.

The vacant lot adjoining, belonging to Sheriff Johnson was bid in at $800.

These are prices from 50 to 75 per cent. higher than the same property would have sold for two or three years ago.

AUCTIONEERS.—The Board of Commissioners have appointed Messrs. A. M. Campbell, C. E. Leete, and A. J. O'Hanlon, Auctioneers for 1853.

M. Cronly, S. M. West, and N. T. Harriss have been appointed Auctioneers in Wilmington for the present year.

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—It is reported, we understand, that James W. Osborne, Esq. of Charlotte, is likely to be brought out as the Whig Candidate in the District composed of the counties of Anson, Stanly, Union, Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, Lincoln, Catawba, Cleveland, Gaston, Rowan. It is also reported that he will be opposed by Burton Craige, Esq. of Salisbury. The District is a debatable one, the Whig majority at the last Presidential Election having been only 199, and the Locofoco majority at the Governor's Election 591.

The above gentlemen are probably as strong men as their respective parties can bring out.—The Whigs will have reason to be altogether satisfied with so eloquent and able a champion as Mr. Osborne.

APPOINTMENTS.—The Union contains long lists of removals and appointments (Whigs turned out and Locos turned in, of course) but the only ones that we think will materially interest our readers are the following:

Wesley Jones, Esq., has been appointed U. S. Marshal of the District of North Carolina, vice George Little, Esq., removed.

Edmund Wright, Collector, Elenton, N. C., vice James E. Norfleet, whose commission has expired.

B. C. Pressley, Sub-Treasurer, Charleston, S. C.

The New York city appointments have all been confirmed, as well as some of those in Baltimore and Philadelphia.

The U. S. steam frigate Saranac was ashore at Warsaw Sound, near Savannah, on Monday last. Her situation was deemed critical, as she had thrown overboard coal, &c., without effect. Two steamers were despatched from Savannah to her relief.

THE RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT.—The Petersburg papers contain full particulars of the recent accident upon the Richmond and Petersburg Rail Road. The accident was caused by a "snake-head," which threw the last passenger car off the track.

Some 8 or 10 persons were injured. Mrs. Purnell and Mr. McIlhenny of Wilmington were considerably bruised. Mrs. Purnell's son was badly injured, and is not expected to recover. A servant girl of Mrs. Purnell's was so injured as to require amputation of the leg, and has since died.

GEN. PIERCE'S CABINET.—Those Locofoco papers at the South which abused Gen. Taylor for appointing Jacob Collamer a member of his Cabinet, because the said Jacob was a free soiler, will be greatly edified, we doubt not, by the following extract from a speech made in Congress on the 13th day of February, 1847, by Robert McClelland, then a member of the House from Michigan, *now Secretary of the Interior* by appointment of Gen. Pierce. It may be found at page 391 of the Appendix to the Congressional Globe, 2d Session, 29th Congress, in the debate on the Three Million Bill:—

"Gentlemen enquire what authority we have to exclude their property from this territory. The answer is easily given: we do not attempt it. Slaves, in the contemplation of the constitution, are not property but persons. The authority for excluding aliens and free blacks applies as well to slaves. We have the power of prohibiting any persons, not citizens, from emigrating and settling there. That slaves are not property or merchandize may be considered as fully settled."

"Upper California we ought, and in all probability will have, and it should be free. Besides other considerations, it is far better adapted to the pursuits of Northern men than to slave labor. Then why exclude free labor? Admit the slave, and you expel the free laborer: for it is folly to think that our Northern men will emigrate to the most inviting territory in the world, where they know they will be compelled to labor side by side with the slave."

At that session, McClelland voted as well as spoke for the Wilmot Proviso, along with Giddings, Wilmot, &c.

Why do not Southern Locofoco papers raise their voices against the appointment of such a man to a seat in the Cabinet?

We learn from the Wilmington Herald that several rooms in the Carolina Hotel were entered on Monday night last and robbed of a gold watch and chain valued at $200, and $195 in money. The robber not discovered.

Three houses were broken open in Raleigh a week or two ago.

Mr. Senator Badger arrived at his residence in this city on Saturday last.—*Raleigh Star.*

CHARITY WHICH DOES *not* BEGIN AT HOME.—The Dutchess of Sutherland and her associates who make such a fuss over "Uncle Tom's Cabin" would be quite as well employed if they would read another American book which has just appeared. It is called "The Footpath and the Highway," and gives an account of the wanderings of an American on foot in England and Ireland, who stopped among the poorer classes, and thus gained a better idea of their condition than the aforesaid Dutchess is likely to have. The author was "struck with the misery and degradation of the Irish poor." And of the poorer classes in Liverpool and Manchester he says, "They are a servile, crouching race to their employers, or *masters*, as they call them; and the greater part of the generation just arrived at maturity are indifferently educated, numbers of them being unable to read or write. Their leisure hours are passed at the ale-house, and it is not unusual to see women and men sitting together in those places sipping gin." Even of the rural class in England he says: "Clownishness and stupidity are the natural results of the social and political condition of the rustic population of England; and so long as men are regarded by their superiors in wealth and position as but little better than swine, so long will the farm hands of Great Britain be held in their present condition."

A MODEL SUBSCRIBER.—The N. Y. Commercial mentions the receipt of subscription from a gentleman who had never failed for fifty years to pay in advance for that paper.

In the Senate on Monday last, a resolution was adopted, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to report to next Session, the amount, as far as can be ascertained, of all the bonds or stocks of the National or State governments, or corporations, held in Europe.

Mr. Brodhead estimated these debts at $300,000,000; the annual interest payable $18,000,000. Besides which, this country is importing annually $40,000,000 more than it exports. These and other items make an aggregate of about $64,000,000 annual balance against the United States. Rather a startling condition of things.

An Executive session was held.

Scenes at Washington—The Humors of Office Seeking.—The editor of the Sunday Atlas is supposed to have access and intimacies "behind the scenes" at Washington, which give to his observations on men and things there a poignancy those who are not looking for office will probably appreciate. Some of the incidents he relates, illustrative of the rush for the spoils, are sufficiently amusing (omitting the profanity) to quote:

"In the room adjoining my lodgings, a party of New Jersey office seekers are quartered, separated from me by a pair of folding doors which do not shut very close. I am involuntarily compelled to listen to all their conversation, for they seem to have plenty of liquor, and spend much of their time in drinking it. Last night, after I had taken a drink with Senator Norris, of New Hampshire, and retired, the party, seven of them, came in somewhat glorious, and this is the substance of their conversation.

1st Voice—Sam, I've been in this hole three weeks, and nothin's done yet. I can hear more news in New York in five minutes than I can in this infernal region in a life time. Nobody don't know nothin' in this place, and they won't tell you that.

2d Voice—That's as true as preaching, and nobody here cares for you. I gave my papers to old Marcy ten days ago, and I don't believe the old cuss has ever looked at one of 'em.

3d Voice—Papers! If you are so cussed green as to 'spose they read papers you had better go home and learn something. Let me tell you, my young friends, that papers has little to do with politics. If you've got a United States Senator and a member of the Cabinet to pitch in for you, you'll win—if not, you've got no sight!

4th Voice—Ain't the delegation in Congress got nothin' to say?

Here the first complainant indignantly responded—"Well, I've got the whole delegation from New Jersey on my papers, and they ain't no more use than so many dummies.

5th Voice—Bill is right about having a member of the Cabinet in your favor; besides this, I find that outside backers are required to secure success.

6th Voice—"Outside backers?" It's cost me more than two hundred dollars to pay the expenses of —— and ——, two old fogies who pretended that they had influence, and whose bills I agreed to pay if they would come down and help me, and they have done me no more good than two old geese. With all their mighty influence they have made about as much progress as a farmer would, in undertaking to break up green sward with a team of bob-tailed rats."

Just at this moment one of the party proposed to take a drink all round, and while they were imbibing, I fell asleep and lost the remainder of this very interesting Jersey conversation. I repeat it merely to give the Atlas readers an idea of the feeling that pervades the whole tribe of office hunters now invading the capital of this federal union.

"New hats are rather uncertain property in the crowd of poor and hungry office seekers now here. My friend, Grand Sachem Daniel E. Delavan, who came down in search of the Surveyorship, with a bran new 'Genin' of the latest style, parted with it forever when he hung it up in the hall of the National to take his first dinner. In place of it, the thief left a 'shocking bad 'at," of a very antique style, which gave the Colonel a very grotesque look. Of course, the Grand Sachem could not appear abroad in such a head costume, and he therefore had resort to the extensive wardrobe of his friend, Col. Tom Dunlap, of the 'Pewter Mug,' who supplied him with a more comely covering for his noble brow, in the shape of one of Mealio's brilliant fabrications. Mr. Lorenzo B. Shepard also made his first appearance here, with a magnificent new style spring hat upon his head, but one day last week, while at dinner at the National, some desponding office seeker, ambitious to make a sensation on the avenue beneath a fashionable New York hat, laid felonious hands upon it, and left in its place an ancient nameless 'sugar-loaf,' of the 'vintage of 1846,' which, of course, was not accepted by Shepard, who in turn, resorted to Tom Dunlap for the loan of his cap, while he went out and purchased a new top-piece. Cornell Wendell and several other gentlemen of my acquaintance have been served the 'same sauce' at the same hotel, until it has become a matter of prudence for every man dining at the National to take his hat between his legs! Every day I hear some 'green 'un" complaining of having lost his hat, while at dinner, and several who have been so careless as to entrust their 'testimonials' for office in their hats, have not only lost their beavers, but all their hopes of official position, with the same demonstration of the hat thief."

Many of the New York herd, we may add, are beginning to come back, in no sunny humor, and some write that they will be back as soon as they can raise enough of the needful to defray the expenses of a Railroad ticket, &c. A pretty plight, indeed, for men who are willing to serve their country—cheap, for cash!—*N. Y. Express.*

The Hon. Zadoc Pratt, who has just returned from Havana to New York, states that the health of Vice Pres't King has not improved; but, on the contrary, some of his friends feared that he might not be able to return home on the 1st of April, as he contemplated doing.

Mr. Pratt also says that a week ago last Monday he was invited "to go out in a few days to be present at the swearing in of the Vice President." This shows that Mr. King has not been sworn into office, as was stated with so much circumstantiality in a letter giving all the particulars of the ceremony, a part of which we copied on the 21st ultimo from the New Orleans Picayune. What a commentary does not this fact furnish upon the reliability of news from Cuba!

Release of Prisoners.—We learn through a private letter from Europe that our Minister at Madrid, Mr. Barringer, has fully succeeded in his efforts, through his personal influence with the Government there, in procuring from the Queen of Spain a pardon and release of the *Hungarian* prisoners of the Lopez expedition of 1851 against the island of Cuba, who have been so long confined in the Spanish presidio at Ceuta, in Africa, and who were made an exception to the general pardon granted to the American and other prisoners of the expedition. They are eight in number.—*National Intelligencer.*

We learn from the Baltimore American of yesterday that Chief Justice Taney, of the Supreme Court, has been seriously ill, but are gratified to learn also that he is now recovering, and is expected before long to be restored to his usual health.—*National Intelligencer.*

Mail Agents.—Can any one tell us the exact number of applicants for the four Mail Agencies on the Wilmington & Raleigh Rail Road? Is it seventy-five or one hundred and thirty?—*Wilmington Herald.*

DIED,

On Saturday morning, 2d inst., at her residence, Oak Forest, New Hanover Co., MARY MURPHY, relict of Robert Murphy, aged 75 years, 8 months and 22 days, in the blessed hope of a glorious immortality. Faith—growing, living faith—the precious gift of God, shone brightly in her christian character, and abounding charity dwelt in her soul. She is gone to her rest. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord." Let others portray her virtues.—[Com.

Wilmington papers please copy.

In Lowndes county, Mississippi, near West Point, on the 22d of February, 1853, ELIZA CORNELIA KORNEGAY, daughter of George and Hester Simmons, and wife of Dudley Kornegay, of North Carolina, aged 20 years.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVALS.

April 2—Brigs Maria L. Davis from New York, Florence from Boston, Belmont Locke from Matanzas; Schrs Reliance, F. J. Bognard, Julia, L. S. Powell, Cherokee, and E. L. B. Wales from New York, Zenyth from Plymouth. 5—Br Brig Glasgow from Inagua, Brig Marcus from Philadelphia, Schrs Era from Baltimore, Matilda from Boston, Sarah Moore from Philadelphia.

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

James A. McColeman

WOULD invite the attention of his friends, customers and the public generally, to his well selected Stock of

Spring and Summer GOODS.

He is confident that he can offer inducements that are seldom offered by a Retail Store in the country. He is now receiving, direct from New York, a large and varied assortment of

Ladies' fine Dress Goods, and Ladies' Dress Trimmings, of the very latest styles; and Gentlemen's Wear of every grade and style, Ready-made Clothing, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

A large lot of Boots and Shoes, Hats and Bonnets, Umbrellas and Parasols, Saddlery, Hardware, Cutlery, Window Glass, Hollow-ware, Crockeries, &c.,

Comprising one of the most complete Stocks of Goods ever offered in this section of country, and which will be sold on the most pleasing terms for cash, or on time to prompt customers.

And while he solicits a call from all in want of cheap Goods, he would also return his warmest thanks to his old friends and customers for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to him.

Springfield, N. C., March 1853. 80-4t

To Contractors and Builders.

SEALED Proposals for the construction of a Brick Court House, with tin roof, at Smithville, Brunswick county, North Carolina, will be received till the 19th May, 1853.

The building to be about 46 by 40; with rooms for the Register, Clerks of the Superior and County Court, and Grand Jury, in the Basement. The Court and Petit Jury room in second story.

For particulars, inquiry must be made of Samuel Langdon at Smithville, N. C.

Plans and specifications may be submitted by those who propose, but no allowance will be made for plans not adopted by the Commissioners.

Bond with approved security for the prompt and faithful execution of the work will be required.

F. J. HILL,
THOS. G. DREW,
OWEN D. HOLMES, } Comm'rs.
SAML. LANGDON,
JOHN BROWN,

March 12, 1853. 76-86w

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, on the premises, in the county of Robeson, on the 15th day of April next, the LANDS late the property of John S. McAlpin, containing 382 acres. The lands are situated on the South West side of the Great Marsh, within 14 miles of the Robeson Institute. The lands are remarkably well timbered, both with Ton and Turpentine timber, convenient to two Distilleries. There are pretty good buildings on the premises, a very healthy situation, with a Well of water unsurpassed by any in that region of country. There are about 30 acres cleared land, the greater part of which is in a good state of cultivation.

A credit of six months will be given,—purchasers giving bond with approved security.

NEILL CRAWFORD.
WILLIAM GLOVER,
Agent for W. W. Glover.

March 19, 1853. 80-3t

FOR SALE,

THE House and Lot on Rowan street, formerly the property of Mrs. Mary Fennell, deceased, now occupied by Mr. Dodd. For terms, &c. apply to Jonathan Evans, Esq.

C. N. FENNELL,
Executor and Trustee.

March 21, 1853. 78-5t*

LUMBERTON HOTEL.

THE subscribers inform the public, that they have purchased the HOTEL lately occupied by G. W. Higley, and that they are now prepared to entertain all who may favor them with their custom, and pledge themselves to use every effort to give satisfaction. They are now building large and dry Stables and Shelters. Their Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords, and with attentive servants in the house and for the stables. Their undivided attention will be given to the establishment, and therefore hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

J. W. REGAN.
J. H. CALDWELL.

Lumberton, March 21, 1853. 80-3m

LEATHER BANDS.

THE subscriber has put up machinery for stretching, cementing and riveting Bands with copper rivets. The Bands are stretched with powerful machines, made expressly for that purpose, and the difficulty of bands stretching and ripping, under the common way of making them, is entirely removed by this process. Bands made in this way will hold their width evenly, run true, and have a uniform bearing on the drum or pully, and will give from 15 to 20 per cent. more power than those made in the ordinary way. They are made out of the best selected oak tanned Spanish Leather, and no pains will be spared to make them equal to the best Northern Bands, and will be sold as low as can be bought in New York.

CHAS. M. LINES,
Hunt's Store P. O., Guilford co., N. C.

Band Shop near Jessee Walker's Mill, Deep River. These Bands for sale by W. H. Lutterloh, Fayetteville. January 31, 1853. 64*1y

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ALFORDSVILLE, ROBESON.

H. McNeill

HAVING taken the Store formerly kept by H. J. McLean & Co., would inform his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving from New York, a large and well selected assortment of GOODS, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery-ware, &c.,

Together with many other articles too tedious to mention; all of which will be sold low for cash.

March 24, 1853. 80*6t

LOOK BEFORE YOU BUY!

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Fayetteville and the surrounding country, that he has just returned from the Northern cities, and is now opening

A New Stock of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

On Green street, in the house formerly occupied by Messrs. Lawrence & Troy, next door to Mrs. Walton's, where he hopes to see all in want of Goods, and no objection to seeing the balance.

J. C. POE.

March 29, 1853. 80*tf

New Spring Goods.

H. & E. J. LILLY

ARE now receiving a large Stock of STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Hats, Bonnets, Boots, Shoes, Umbrellas, Ready-made Clothing, &c.,

To which they invite the attention of the Merchants of the interior and others.

Fayetteville, March 13, 1853. 76*6t

DENTAL NOTICE.

W. F. Bason, M. D., D. D. S.

RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the CITIZENS OF FAYETTEVILLE A PORTION OF EACH YEAR, and hopes from his experience and attention to this particular branch of the Medical Art to merit the continued gratitude and admiration of its best friends.

Office for the present, in the Fayetteville Hotel, where he may be found when not professionally absent.

Jan. 24, 1853. 62-83mpd

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on or about the 1st of October last, two NEGROES, Isaac and his wife Nancy. Isaac is a very likely boy, about six feet two or three inches high, dark complexion, about twenty-six years old, and weighs 175 or 180 pounds.—Nancy is dark complected, about five feet nine or ten inches high, very stout and likely. Said Negroes were purchased from Col. A. S. McKay of Richmond county, N. C., near Floral College, in which neighborhood they are supposed to be lurking, or in Robeson county on the Big Marsh, as they have relations in that section of country. I will pay the above reward for their delivery to me in Marlborough District, S. C., or their confinement in any jail so that I get them.

LIGHT TOWNSEND.

Marlboro' Dist., S. C., Feb. 22, 1853. 72*tf

Turpentine Getters and Farmers,

LOOK HERE!

1200 Acres finely timbered Pine Land for sale.

THE undersigned, expecting sooner or later to quit the State, offers for sale his TRACT OF LAND, lying in Richmond county, on the waters of the Big Juniper Creek, adjoining the lands of John Fairley, Hugh McArn, Milton McIntosh and others, and containing about twelve hundred acres, principally wood land.

This Land, for Turpentine and Farming purposes, is unsurpassed by any in this section of the State. Being situated conveniently near Lumber River, and on the direct route of the Robeson and Richmond Plank Road, it offers every necessary inducement to those wishing to embark in the Turpentine business; and being in a neighborhood noted for intelligence, morality, and its facilities for education, it is also well calculated to answer the necessary demands of family convenience.

There is also a first rate Mill Site on the premises.

Persons wishing to purchase land of the above description, and on reasonable terms, will please address

J. G. BLUE.

Gillispolis, Robeson co., N. C., April 1, 1853.—82*tf

Medical Society of the State of North Carolina.

THE next annual Meeting of the MEDICAL SOCIETY of the State of North Carolina will be held in the town of Fayetteville, on Tuesday, 17th day of May, 1853.

The Society will convene at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Delegates, Members, and Members of the Profession, in good and regular standing, are invited to attend

W. W. HARRISS, M. D.,
Cor. and Rec. Sec'y.

Wilmington, April 2, 1853. 82*tm

Grand Royal Arch Chapter of North Carolina.

THE next Annual Meeting of this body will be holden in this town on Monday the 6th day of June next. Subordinate Chapters are required to send Delegates and returns.

H. P. RUSSELL, G. Sec'y.

Wilmington, April 2, 1853. 82*tm

LOTS FOR SALE.

I WOULD sell on favorable terms a few VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS, convenient to Red Springs, in Robeson county,—if application is made soon.

M. C. McNEILL.

Red Springs, Robeson co., April 1, 1853. 82*2t

Glen-Anna Female Seminary.

Miss MARINDA BRANSON, Principal.

LOCATION.—In Davidson Co., N. C., eleven miles west of Lexington, six miles from Normal College, and eight from the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road.

ADVANTAGES.—A very healthy situation, good water, ample grounds, groves, gardens, and orchards, with a great variety of fruits; a moral and industrious neighborhood; vicinity to a church in which there is almost weekly service on the Sabbath; lowness of the terms; removal from temptations to extravagant expenditure; nearness to Normal College, to which parents who have children of both sexes may send their sons, when their daughters come to Glen-Anna. The LITERARY department is under the control of the Rev. President Deems of Greensboro' Female College, to which Institution Glen-Anna has been a preparatory school for several years. This fact is a guarantee for the character of the school.

TERMS.—Board, $6 a month. Tuition, in the primary class $6, for a session of five months; for those who study Grammar and Geography $8; for those in the higher branches $10; Music $18, with no additional charge for the use of the instrument. The pupils pay from the time they enter, and all accounts are to be closed at the end of the session. The present session will terminate the third Thursday in July.

REFERENCES.—The following gentlemen have, or have had, daughters or wards at the School: In Davidson, Dr. R. L. Beall, John W. Thomas, D. Hepler, V. Hoover, Haley Brown, and Wm. Thomas, Esqs.; in Randolph, A. G. Clarke, D. Brown, W. Branson, and John Coltrane, Esqs.; in Montgomery, E. Stafford, B. W. Simmons, Esqs.; in Rowan, S. J. Peeler, Esq.; in Stanly, J. F. Kirk, Esq.; in Iredell, B. Campbell, Esq.; in Richmond, Va., Dr. W. W. Parker. The Principal also begs leave to refer to the following gentlemen: Prest. Deems, Greensboro; Prest. Craven, Normal College, J. A. Worth, Esq. Fayetteville; D. Freeman, Esq. Stanly Co.; Geo. Wilson, Esq. Mocksville; Rev. G. W. Ivy, Walterboro', S. C.; Wm. Burney, Esq. Wind Hill; Rev. J. M. Carlisle, Cokesbury, S. C.; and N. Kendall, Esq. Fair Grove, N. C.

The Post Office of the Principal is Fair Grove, Davidson Co., N. C.

March 31, 1853. 82*5t

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber is still manufacturing at his old stand on Person street, BOOTS AND SHOES of the best quality. He has on hand some of the best calf skins and leather which the Northern markets can afford, and in his employment two of the best workmen in the State. He does not think that their work can be excelled by any made in the State in point of durability or elegance of style. Truly thankful for past favors, he respectfully requests a continuance of the same. To those who may feel disposed to favor him with their custom, he begs leave to say that no pains will be spared to give them complete satisfaction.

He has on hand a good assortment of Northern made work, consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, Negro Shoes of the best quality. All of which will be sold cheap for cash. Should they fail in point of workmanship, they will be repaired without charge.

To the citizens of Fayetteville, and all others that wish to be accommodated to something fine and substantial, just call at my store, a few doors East from the Market House, and you will find something neat and durable in the way of Boots, Shoes, and Hats.

Also, a good lot of calf skins and sole leather—some as good as ever was offered in this market. My desire is to please all that may favor me with their custom.—I invite all to come and see, as I will take pleasure in showing my work, whether they buy or not.

Thankful for past favors, I desire a continuation of the public patronage.

NATHAN SIKES.

Fayetteville, April 1, 1853. 82*1t

Valuable Town Property at Auction.

WILL be sold at the Market House, at 12 o'clock on Monday the 18th April next, the Lot on Green street known as the Campbell lot; a Lot on Bow street, near the Halliday corner; a Lot in rear of ditto; and a Lot on Person street containing about one acre.

The above property belongs to the estate of Martin McPherson, and will be sold on a credit of six months, the purchaser giving notes with approved security.

Also, 33 Acres of Land about one mile north of the Town, adjoining I. B. Hawley, W. Buske and others.

C. A. McMILLAN, Ex'r.
C. E. LEETE, Auct'r.

March 26, 1853. 80-8ts

TRUST SALE.

WILL be sold at Auction, on Wednesday 27th of April next,

1 Lot and Dwelling House on the South side of Mumford street, the residence of Daniel Sutherland, Esq.

1 Lot and Dwelling House, with small Kitchen, in the rear of the above Lot and on East side of street leading up to Bowling Alley.

1 Lot, with Carpenter Shop, corner West of Dwelling House.

1 Pew, No. 9, in Presbyterian Church.

1 fine eight-day Clock; with Household and Kitchen Furniture, Beds, Bed Furniture, &c.

1 Negro woman named Betsy, said to be a valuable house servant, washer, &c.

The property will be sold by virtue of a Deed of Trust made by Daniel Sutherland. The title is undoubted. The property may be examined on the premises.

Terms: All sums under $100, cash; over $100, 90 days Note at Bank with approved endorser, or a lien on the property.

GEO. McNEILL, Trustee.
C. E. LEETE, Auct'r.

March 26, 1853. 80-8ts

STATE OF NORTH CALOLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1853.

John McBryde, Administrator of John Priest, *ex.* Mary McEachern, Alexander Priest.

Petition to make Real Estate Assets.

Leave to amend Petition: Ordered, that publication be made for Malcom McEachern and wife Mary.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, Malcom McEachern and wife Mary, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore Ordered that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for the said Malcom McEachern and wife Mary to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be holden for the said county of Robeson, at the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday of May next, A. D. 1853, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the Petitioner's Petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them.

Witness, Shadrach Howell, Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Lumberton, the fourth Monday of February, in the 77th year of American Independence, A. D. 1853.

SH'D HOWELL, Clk C. C.

Issued 28th March 1853. 82*6t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1853.

Malcom Culbreath, Administrator of Daniel Matthewis, *ex.* The heirs at law of said Matthewis.

Petition to make Real Estate Assets.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, Polly Currie, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore Ordered, that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for the said Polly Currie to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be holden for the said county of Robeson, at the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday of May next, A. D. 1853, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the Petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso as to her.

Witness, Shadrach Howell, Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Lumberton, the fourth Monday of February, in the 77th year of American Independence, A. D. 1853.

SH'D HOWELL, Clk C. C.

Issued 31st day of March 1853. 82*6t

Blanks for sale here.

FROM THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

PUBLIC MEETING ON THE SUBJECT OF THE C. F. RIVER AND BARS.

In pursuance of public notice, a meeting of the citizens of Wilmington interested in the preservation and improvement of the entrance to the port, was convened at the Methodist Episcopal Church on Wednesday evening, the 6th inst., for the purpose of taking into consideration the proper means to be adopted to secure these desirable ends.

On motion of Dr. A. J. DeRosset, Jr., the meeting was organized by calling John Dawson, Esq., M. P., to the Chair, and appointing James Fulton and T. Burr, Jr., Secretaries.

The meeting having been organized, Geo. Davis, Esq., in a few eloquent remarks, introduced to the audience Professor A. D. Bache, the distinguished head of the U. S. Coast Survey, who had kindly consented to be present, and explain the conclusions to which the Commission had come, with regard to the present state of the Harbor—the causes which had produced such state, and the means proper to be adopted for the prevention of further evil effects from the operation of these causes, as well as to restore the former state of things, and with it the former depth—being equal to 20 feet at high water.

Professor Bache commenced his lecture by expressing the interest which he felt in the harbor of Wilmington, and paid a high compliment to the Secretary of the Navy, to whose kind offices he was indebted for the consummation of measures necessary to be arranged, in order to enable him to be with us. He next alluded to the peculiar conformation of the coast of North Carolina, and demonstrated the importance of Cape Fear Inlet, which, protected as it was, by the Frying Pan Shoals, was one of the most important harbors of refuge on the coast—if not the most so from Charleston to the Capes of the Chesapeake; and was thus highly important in a national point of view, as being essential to the safety of the coasting trade of the whole country, and as affording a favorably situated coal depot for national vessels, at Smithville. It highly important to the country at large, it was vitally so to the town of Wilmington, and scarcely less so to the whole State, and more especially to those 28 counties connected with us by navigation or Railroad, and whose produce must find a outlet over our Bar.

Natural causes were operating, slowly it might appear to be, but still surely and inevitably to close up or seriously lessen the depth of water in our channels, unless measures were devised and perfected to bring about a different state of things, and it would not do for us to fold our arms and trust to the chapter of accidents for relief. The time for exertion has arrived, and an effort must be made, upon the success of which must depend much of the future destinies of the town.

Prof. Bache illustrated his subject by reference to Maps, from which it appeared that we had, at one time, some 20 feet on the Bar at high water, and as late as 1797, as shown by Potts' Map, we had 15 feet at low water, equivalent to very nearly 20 feet at high. He pointed to the gradual changes in the shore line, caused by the bricking out of New Inlet and the washing away at other places, which, by widening the outlets, lessened the depth and velocity of the water. In 1733, as appears from Moseiy's Map, the Main Entrance was little over half a mile in width, and the New Inlet had not yet made its appearance. The Main Entrance is now 14 miles in width, and the New Inlet of a mile, the shoaling is thus accounted for.

The Professor demonstrated how, by the restoration of the former state of things, the former depth of water could be restored. This it was proposed to do:

1st. By the construction of Jettees for the protection of Bald Head, at an estimated cost of $40,000.

2d. By filling up two smaller openings near New Inlet, which it is believed can be done with Piling, for at farthest $10,000.

3d. By the construction of a Jettee for the protection of Zeke's Island, and to prevent New Inlet from working farther Southward.

These are the works which it is deemed essential to commence at once, as being necessary to arrest the progress of evil and leave time for consultation and improvement. No doubt is entertained by the Commission, appointed to investigate the subject, but that these ends will be fully answered by them.

4th. The 1st and greatest work is the closing of New Inlet, which will complete, in all its essential points, the restoration of the former state of things, and, in consequence, of the former depth of 20 feet water. The estimated cost is $5,70,000.

After the conclusion of Prof. Bache's Lecture and the subsidence of the applause which followed it, George Davis, Esq., was called upon and forcibly urged the necessity and propriety of exertion.

O. G. Parsley, Esq., introduced the following resolution, which he prefaced by a few pertinent remarks:

Resolved, That we, the citizens of Wilmington, convinced of the necessity of immediate action towards arresting the shoaling of the main bar of the Cape Fear River, and relying on the aid of the General Government hereafter for the same, pledge ourselves to advance the means necessary to carry on the work first recommended by the commission, as this evening explained by Prof. Bache.

This resolution was unanimously adopted.

On motion of P. K. Dickinson, Esq., the Chairman of the meeting was authorized to appoint a Committee of ten, to wait upon the citizens of Wilmington, and solicit subscription to the amount of $50,000, the amount necessary, with the $20,000 already granted by Congress, for the completion of the work to be commenced at once.

The following gentlemen were appointed said Committee: Gilbert Potter, John A. Taylor, Miles Costin, B. Flanner, James Cassiday, W. C. Bettencourt, James Anderson, Jacob Wessel, C. D. Ellis, Benj. Berry.

On motion of Dr. James Dickson, the thanks of the meeting were tendered to Professor Bache for his able and lucid exposition of the state and requirements of our harbor, and for the friendly and courteous interest which he has manifested in the subject.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

JOHN DAWSON, Chm'n.

JAMES FULTON, } Secretaries.
T. BURR, Jr., }

Lieutenant Berryman, of the United States brig Dolphin, has performed the most acceptable service of running two lines of deep sea sounding across the Atlantic. The results give plausibility, in Lieut. Maury's opinion, to the conjecture that the north Atlantic ocean is probably nowhere much more than 5,000 fathoms (30,000 feet) deep. Lieut. B also made an extended search for the "Eight Stones" and "Juan Hammond's Rock," dangerous obstacles to navigation, but was unable to find either of them. He is certain that neither of them exist, and Lieut. Maury, concurring with him in opinion, has directed them to be erased from the Government charts.

A Question of Taste.—One of our exchanges asks the following: "Which had you rather kiss, the Pope's toe, or Harriet Beecher Stowe?"

A GRAPHIC ACCOUNT OF THE INAUGURATION OF GEN. PIERCE.

The following is the best account we have seen of this important event:

[Reported in Short hand expressly for the Cotton Plant.]

A few days Before and a few days After the Inauguration, with a bird's-eye view of that event.

BY AN ALABAMIAN.

Came around by sea from Charleston to Baltimore, where I went to see the newspapers from "my town," in the Southern and Western Reading Room. Convenient place; found my paper—uncle Joe was dead—very kind of the Baltimore merchants. Got up in the morning with a cold—went down to the depot, and after a quick run got to Washington safe and sound. (Bless my old Aunt Sukey for so far.)

I had hardly put my nose out of the cars before I was surrounded by

"Officious fellows,
With lungs like bellows."

I was particularly struck with the sorrowful look of a colored gentleman who seemed to take compassion on me. "*Indeed*, the hotels were full—would show me a nice private boarding house." The colored gentleman was so kind that I handed him my carpet-bag (all the baggage I had.) Just then I felt something nibbling at my coat tail. I turned around—it was a little infamous, wanting me to give him a loaf of bread for his mother.—Hadn't any bread with me. Turned around—colored gentleman was gone—turned around again and little infamous was gone. Overcome—sunk on a pine box and began to think. "Oh, office seeking," thought I, "to what risks your put *us*." (I'm after an office.) After awhile I got up and walked to the National—"no room." Went to Brown's—"no room." Went up and down the Avenue—"no room." Well, being an Alabamian, and having read the Cotton Plant *twice*, I thought I had a right to demand comfort from the editor, and so I walked into the office and asked protection;—clerk referred to the list and whispered in editor's ear.

Question.—"Are you sure that you are a subscriber?"

Me.—"No, didn't say *that*—am a reader."

Clerk and Editor.—"Oh!"

Pause.

Editor.—"Being from old Alabama, you have a claim on me."

After two hours hard work I was stowed away in the fourth story of a house in a room with twenty men, and two to three in a bed. Having made a contract to report for the Cotton Plant, I went to work early in the morning.

Subject first: Twenty chaps on their backs presenting—twenty noses—twenty open mouths—twenty tufts of front hair, some like hogs bristles—forty feet sticking beyond the *shortest* blankets I have ever seen—two hundred toes—twenty dirty faces—forty arms—forty soiled hands—one wash stand—one basin—one pitcher half full of water, and one towel. An innate desire for cleanliness aroused me, and I started for the wash stand, so as to be the first. Just as I got half way, by some foul mishap, I trumped on a new subject not calculated in my report. His face was covered with hair, and he by kind of crossways between the feet of the sleepers. I put my foot upon *his* foot, whereupon he seized me by the leg and tumbled me over on a tremendous big fellow.

"Hellow, there," said the tremendous big fellow, as he gave me a tremendous big dig under the chin, "hellow, there."

"Hellow, yourself," said a chap just beyond the big fellow, as he struck out and took that gentleman over the eye.

"Fight!" said another, pitching into a sleeping stranger, who, I am willing to swear, was utterly unconscious of harm. "Fight!" "right!" "right!" was cried out. The chap with hair on his face, whose foot I had trampled on, now made a rush for the door, the claret flying from his nose. He had been getting it. He thrust his head out of the door and howled down the stairs, "Fiah! fiah! fiah!" Just imagine the effect on a crowded hotel! I was trying to realize it, when I suddenly lost all consciousness except that another big fellow came up to me and shouted "Hush up!" and before I could say "it wasn't me," did something I don't know what.

I awakened from a dream in which I thought I had immortalized myself by discovering several new stars of largest magnitude, and an entirely new milky ways by a tremendous ringing of bells, and the rush and the noise of a tumultuous multitude out doors. In the same moment a fearful looking chap appeared at the door. He wore a red jacket, blue trowsers, and a glazed hat, with the words "Vigilance Fire Company, No. 2," on it. I tell you he dampened us down. He washed our faces gratis, and left us not a dry sheet in the room to wipe on.

It was the 3d of March, and being satisfied that "the night" would be boisterous, I took occasion to fold myself up on a sofa until dinner. After dinner I went back and folded myself up again until supper. So you see I had a good sleep and turned day into night.

Next morning, bright and early, I was on my legs—having been on them all night. The day was cold and windy, with a slight rain. Early in the morning the people—thousands upon thousands—began to move, all concentrating on the Avenue. By ten o'clock the whole city was in motion. Omnibusses, waving with banners and filled with delegations from other cities, drove rapidly up and down the street, cheering each other as they passed. Men on horseback—carriages—country wagons—market carts—hacks—foot pads, covered the broad street from the White House to the Capitol, and each moment added to the number and confusion. The two flags were seen streaming from the dome of the Capitol indicating that Congress was still sitting, and whose wearied and sleepy members, and some half intoxicated, were hastily pushing through business which should have been done at the early weeks of the session. Every balcony was filled—anxious necks were stretched—bawling babies were held up by fat Irish nurses, indignantly waiting the procession—boys were climbing trees—clubs of tipsey young men could be seen every where, supporting each other upon the principle "divided we fall." The police commenced scouring the street—dogs got into battle—somebody said the sun had come out, whereupon there was a tremendous cheering from under twenty thousand umbrellas—somebody said falsely, fight! upon which there took place a half dozen real ones, and so on as at every great gathering. All at once the flags struck on the capitol. "Congress has adjourned," was shouted by thousands—"there they come."—In a moment a party of Marshals swept up the street—a bugle's blast was heard, and the U. S. Flying Artillery appeared on the Avenue. Soon the immense procession, civil and military, are in full length view. There were a tremendous set of long-legged and round shouldered fellows, calling themselves military men, who went tramping out of time after a brass band. Each company had a band of music, and each band played different tunes on different keys, and so managed to make a deal of noise and discord. While standing almost suffocated between two fat women on a balcony, a little urchin elevated to exactly under my ear by a devoted papa, startled me by "here he comes!" "Here he comes," cried everybody. "There's the President!" "Hurrah! Hurrah! Hurrah!"

"Get out from there, you blathering blunderbuss," exclaimed a Paddy below me, to a hackman who had run his horses close up to his honor's body, "git out, or I'll smash your basts fatures."

"Git your handkerchers ready," said an excited washerwoman-looking person, "to wave for the Prisident."

By this time Gen. Pierce, in an open carriage, with the executive escort, passed "our stand."

"Here he is—there he is," vociferated the urchin, till he made my ears ache.

"Tak your basts head away ur I'll bloody his nose. Tak him away. Hurrah for Democracy! Auld Ireland and General Pierce."

"Wave your handkerchers—wave, wave to the President," and the old lady commenced working her arms up and down, making her "handkercher" wave conspicuously. Long after the President had passed, and every handkerchief had stopped its greeting, and we were enjoying the procession, the old lady's arm kept going up and down as though mechanically.

"You will be so kind, madam," spoke out in a calm voice a dignified gentleman with an awfully crushed hat, and rubbed-up-against coat, "to cease waving your white handkerchief, the President and his escort have passed us some time since."

The old lady looked at him over her spectacles, still keeping her arm going like a pump handle.

"The President has passed us madam," continued the gentleman.

"Speak louder, sir, I'm hard of hearin."

"The President has passed some time since," shouted the gentleman at the top of his voice.

"Yes, I know," replied the old lady in a grateful tone of voice, who thought her friend was kindly imparting information, as she turned again upon the street her broad face, keeping her arm going all the time.

"Fire! fire! fire!!!

The recollection of the morning came over me. I threw myself from the balcony to the water-spout, and determined to reach the street speedily. I did reach it speedily, unseating my gentlemen and a fellow on a box, who pitched into me. I was desperate at the ruin of my only presentable pants. I called them my delegation pants, as I was to be presented in them next day to the President by my delegation, and accordingly I walked into the gentleman rather to his concern. With my coat torn, my pants ruined, and my hat—worse than shocking, I was escorted by the police, and locked up. I got a good bed, and after a tolerable long snooze considerings, say from 12 o'clock M., to 7 o'clock next morning, I was taken to the Justice Court. I gave an assumed name, Henry Digging, and was cleared on account of the "occasion."

Here I am, Mr. Cotton Plant, hard up, wanting an office. I charge you five dollars for this report, and if your readers like it, will give you the experience of an Office Hunter—a thrilling drama in three acts.

Purchase of Railroad Iron.—The New York Tribune says:

"The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have purchased 5,000 tons of American rails in Boston, at $75 per ton, cash, and the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad 10,000 tons Welsh, also in Boston, on private terms."

We learn from the Havana correspondence of the Journal of Commerce that the Hon. William R. King was duly qualified as Vice President of the United States on the 24th ultimo. The oath of office was administered by Consul Shorkey, at the plantation of Mr. Chantrande, near Matanzas. There were present at the ceremony the Hon. Geo. W. Jones, a Representative in Congress from Tennessee, several American gentlemen from Havana, and a few Spaniards and Creoles—in all about fifteen persons—the time appointed for the ceremony not having been made known except to a few friends of the Consul. Mr. King's health had not improved.

One of the Presidential Electors of the State of New York, who has just returned from a visit to Cuba, informs the Journal of Commerce that there is no foundation whatever for the accounts that have been circulated of discourtesy shown to Mr. King by Gen. Canedo. On the contrary, the Governor General was inclined to treat Americans of distinction with respect and attention; in proof of which he had furnished Senator Jones with a travelling passport granting unusual privileges.

Death from Swallowing a Pin.—A few days since a girl of four years, residing with her parents in Grafton, in this State, died in consequence of swallowing a pin some six weeks previously. The child had the pin in her mouth, when a younger child seized hold of her and by the sudden act caused her to swallow it. The child complained continually after swallowing the pin, and evidently experienced much suffering before she died.—*Bos. Transcript.*

"We like Mr. Ashe's letter because it goes for the old land marks of Democracy—those unmistakeable plain old sign boards erected by Jefferson, and chalked over again by Jackson."

Free Press.

Old Hickory did of a verity chalk over those sign boards, covering their inscription so completely that neither he nor his Democratic successors have been able to read them. Hence their wide departure from the teaching of the apostle.'

Golds. Tel.

In paying Wm. K. Lane, Esq., some very deserved compliments, the Democratic Free Press says that he "commenced life without a dollar." This is no doubt a mistake, unless the Editor means that he was born into the world without that respectable coin of American currency. We suppose that Mr. Lane like the rest of us came into this "vale of sorrows" not only without a dollar, but without that indispensable article of wearing apparel—a shirt. But seriously; does the Free Press mention the fact that Mr. Lane commenced the world as he did, as a reason why he should be sent to Congress. If so, then we are requested to mention a *dozen* aspiring gentlemen who have the same recommendation, and the same right to Congressional honors.

Goldsboro' Telegraph.

A correspondent of the Herald relates the following incident: It appears that General Cushing is the only man in the cabinet who can talk anything besides English. At the diplomatic dinner given by M de Bodisco on Wednesday, the Attorney General charmed and surprised the distinguished party by his captivating and versatile accomplishments. Like a veritable polyglot, he conversed in French with M. Le Compte de Sartiges, in Spanish with Don Calderon de la Barca, and in Dutch with Baron Testa, spoke German with Baron Von Gevolt, Portuguese with De Figaniere, and the most unexceptionable Tuscan with the representatives of the two Sicilies. Alas! the Secretary of State made a sorry figure in tolerable English only. But some people think he can "walk Spanish"—an accomplishment every body has not cultivated, and which it is said Caleb knows how to teach.

The Jewetts, the Boston publishers, it is said, have published altogether 300,000 copies of Uncle Tom's Cabin, and now have orders for 40,000 copies of the Key to Uncle Tom.

HOME SKETCHES.

C. H. Wiley, Esq., Superintendent of Common Schools, has commenced a series of letters to the Weekly Post, embodying his observations during his official tour. The following is his first, and we may hereafter copy such portions of his succeeding letters as we think will interest our readers:

FROM THE SOUTHERN WEEKLY POST.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

MURFREESBORO', N. C., March 25th, 1853.

I intended, as you know, to furnish you with sketches of my travels in this home land of ours; but, so far, bad roads and bad weather, appointments following close on each other, and engagements of various kinds, have prevented me from writing out my notes. I now have a leisure moment; and as I take a retrospect of my journeyings, and in imagination begin my travels anew, an involuntary shudder shakes my limbs, and a leaden sky bounds the horizon of Fancy.

Alamance—there I made my first pause in this trip—"Alamance, and red mud! mud! mud!! mud!!! *rain rain, rain! nota bene:* Plankroads." This is the sum and substance of my notes on Alamance. Of the people—an honest, thrifty, robust population—I need not speak: suffice it to say they came in crowds to hear my Lecture, listened very attentively, and resolved, pretty generally, to make the most of our common school system. A model free school, of a high order, will be established, I hope, near Graham, under the direction of the Chairman of the Board of County Superintendents and myself; and I anticipate from it a great deal of good. The plan is this: the Chairman, by consent of the Committee, will take the school fund to which his district is entitled, and by subscription add to it enough to employ a first rate teacher, (an accomplished lady,) for ten months: and in this way *all* the children of the district can be educated at a cheaper rate than by any other mode. It is hoped that this school, while it is demonstrating by example, the capabilities of our common school system, will also prove eminently useful in the education of teachers; and to establish a school of this sort in each County in the State is an object which I have very much at heart. There is one, in the full tide of successful experiment, in Halifax county; it is under the care of an enterprising gentleman who thus cheaply educates his daughters and benefits his county. From the known energy of the Chairman of Alamance, and the peculiar elements of the population there, I hope for a successful issue to the experiment which is there about to be made. There is *life* among that people; and there is also *mud*.

I was surprised at the change of things in Granville. Four years ago the county appeared much depressed—land was cheap, business at a stand, enterprize moving off and negroes comparatively worthless; now all is life, hope, pleasant expectation. Land, in many places, has advanced 100 per cent., and in some instances 300 per cent. The farmers, with fat purses and full stomachs, look contented and happy. Fine houses are going up, speculation—not in *lands*)—speculation in lands, houses, mills, &c., is in a healthy condition; and while emigration has nearly ceased, there is scarcely a patient down with the mildest form of gold fever or coal plague. *Guano* is coming in; and they say that they have no desire to leave their own soil to dig in the soils of other lands. * * * *

If the citizens of Granville are waxing fat, the citizens of Warren are already plethoric; in the former county things are looking up, in the latter they are already up, high up. Warren is really a rich county, and its people to be envied in many respects; and if the people would only improve the common school system, and put sign boards to their roads, they might, for the present, do for a model for many other communities.

In schools of a higher order—especially in female schools—they are not deficient; on the contrary the two female schools in Warrenton, the one under the care of the Rev. Mr. Graves and Mr. Wilcox, and the other under that of Mr. Turner, are well worthy of the high reputation and the public confidence which they enjoy; and better, more amiable and more trust-worthy men could not be engaged in this most responsible calling. (Of the schools in Oxford I will write hereafter.)

The fine schools, the good society, the amiable and hospitable people, the healthy climate, mineral springs, rich tobacco lands, &c., &c., all help to make Warren what she is; but let her never forget that much is also due to the old Raleigh and Gaston Road, without which her other advantages would not avail her much. This imparts a value to all the others; and to give her this has cost the good old State of North Carolina a very considerable sum of money. Let them remember this—let them remember that *all* the citizens from Beaufort to Cherokee, have helped to make their home a happy and luxurious one; and while so remembering, let them not forget that they, in common gratitude, are bound to help in return to roll the logs of their neighbors. This is said, not chidingly, or reproachfully, but in all kindness and with sincere good wishes for the continual prosperity of old Warren; and it is said with the full belief that the county of Weldon Edwards will always be true to all the interests of North Carolina, and therein true to herself.

My time is out, and with a promise of more anon, I must, my dear Post, bid you a hasty adieu!

C. H. W.

Should be Imitated.—The President of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, L. O. B Branch, Esq., announces that Guano will be transported over that road throughout the year at very low rates of freight. The list of articles that ought to be transported over Railroads at the lowest possible rates, should not be confined to Guano, but should embrace fertilizers of all kinds used by the farmers in the improvement of their lands. Every facility should be granted and encouragement given, to all means practised by the farmers to improve their lands and increase their crops. We have seen an estimate somewhere, and believe it to be based on correct principles, that railroads could transport manures and fertilizers free of cost, and make money by the operation. Suppose a region of Country penetrated by a Rail Road produces just enough naturally to support its inhabitants. The whole of the increased production arising from the use of manures and fertilizers, would be a surplus, for sale, and its transportation would give the Railroad profitable employment. In this way, Internal Improvements of this sort make their own business, and while contributing largely to the prosperity of the region intersected, they are laying the foundation of their own permanent success. Mr. Branch's proposition to the farmers is promotive of the best interests of the Road entrusted to his management, and we hope to see all other Railroads imitating his example.

Goldsboro' Republican.

Poetical.—The young lady who sent us a poetical communication commencing,

"Oh wear it on thy heart, my love,
Still, still a little while"—

is informed that we have for a considerable time admired the same piece in a volume of Mrs. Hemans's poems, which we are fortunate enough to possess. We do not suppose our fair correspondent ever saw it. The fact that she has signed her name, is proof that this is another of those striking literary coincidences that have abounded ever since the discovery of letters.

SPIRITUAL RAPPINGS.—The "Rappers" in England are not quite so lucky as in Yankee Land. We find in the New York Commercial a long article from the London Leader, detailing a series of experiments in which the rappers were most effectually *"done."* In these experiments, a Mr. Lewes was the experimenter; Mrs. Hayden the medium.

Having gone through with several cases, Mr. Lewes "thought he would call up the spirit of a being who never existed but in fable, and he mentally summoned one of the Eumenides—one of those 'abhorred virgins,' with snaky hair, who form the Chorus of Furies, in Æschylus. A prompt rapping response assured him of her presence, and by judicious pauses with his pencil at the letters which he had resolved should constitute the answers, he induced her to declare that she died only six years ago! in the Jewish faith!! aged only twenty-five!!! and leaving seven children!!!! But even here the absurdity did not stop. "To show," he continues, "how completely the answers are made at random, when no clue is given, but only a 'yes' or 'no' is required, here are four questions I wrote on a piece of paper, and the answers I received:

"Had the ghost of Hamlet's father seventeen noses? Answer, Yes!

"Had Semiramis? Answer, Yes!

"Was Pontius Pilate an American? Answer, No.

"Was he a leading tragedian? Answer, Yes."

The medium was thus effectually done for; but not content with this, Mr. Lewes wrote on a piece of paper, "Is Mrs. Hayden an impostor?" "Yes," was the answer!

The Commercial well says:

It is but too painfully notorious that this gross fraud upon the public has, more than any other single cause, filled our lunatic asylums; and the London Watchman, a journal not likely to exaggerate facts, says "we know that already in England it has perplexed or prostrated the intellect of men whose minds have been exercised in public official business and cultivated by literary studies." As a mode of arresting the progress of the mischief, let there be a pretty free application of such tests. A few dollars thus laid out would be a public benefit, for the 'mediums' once made distrustful of being themselves duped—paid back in their own coin—and thus made conscious of standing over a mine that may explode at any moment in the presence of more credulous spectators—would be compelled to abandon their profitable but nefarious proceedings. Similar exposures have been made here, as we have said, but not upon a scale of sufficient extent, seeing that the name of the mediums is Legion. Let some one who has the money to spare, and coolness and shrewdness to carry on his investigations adroitly, and without betrayal of his object, adopt Mr. Lewes's plan, and he may have responses from as many "Nelly Sords," or Sam Slicks, or Tittlebat Titmouses, or any other imaginary men, women or children, as he chooses; and assurances into the bargain that his great grandfather's grandfather was Mrs. Partington's only son; that he married one of the mummies in Mr. Abbott's Egyptian exhibition; that he died six years ago in infancy, leaving a bereaved wife and large family to lament his decease—or any other absurdity which he can invent; with the salvo to boot, that the medium herself is exactly what he had discovered her to be, a veritable impostor. Verily, we shall never think of rapping mediums hereafter without mentally asking. "Had the ghost of Hamlet's father seventeen noses?" That's the question.

To Cure Warts.—Take half an ounce of sulphur, half an ounce of 90 per cent. spirits, put into an ounce phial, shake them well together, then freely apply to the affected parts, or warts, for a few days once or twice a day, and in a few weeks or months at most the warts will disappear. Try it. And so with corns in like manner.

Exchange.

Warts can be cured by washing them with a solution of soda, and allowing it to dry on them.

Scientific American.

"An Army with Banners."—As you are whirling along over the Hudson River Railroad at the rate of forty miles an hour, you catch a glimpse every minute or two of a man waving something like a white pocket handkerchief on the end of a stick, with a satisfactory sort of expression of countenance. If you take the trouble to count, you will find that it happens some two hundred times between East Albany and Thirty-First St. It looks like rather a useless ceremony, at first glance, but it is a pretty important one, nevertheless.

There are 225 of these "flag men" stationed at intervals along the whole length of the line.—Just before a train is to pass, each one walks over his "beat," and looks to see that every track and tie, every tunnel, switch, rail, clamp and rivet, is in good order and free from obstruction. If so, he takes his stand with a white flag and waves it to the approaching train as a signal to "come on"—and come on it does, at full speed. If there is anything wrong, he waves a red flag, or at night a red lamp, and the engineer on seeing it promptly shuts off the steam, and sounds the whistle to "put down the brakes." Every inch of the road is carefully examined after the passage of each train. Austrian espionage is hardly more strict. With such an effective police, accidents from obstructions upon the track become almost impossible, unless there is gross negligence on the part of the watchmen.—*Evening Journal.*

Examination of Attorneys.—The following racy examination of a candidate for admission to the bar, is taken from a Western law journal and is decidedly a good hit. The examiner commences with:

"Do you smoke?"

"I do sir."

"Have you a spare cigar?"

"Yes sir," (extending a short six.)

"Now sir, what is the first duty of a lawyer?"

"To collect fees."

"Right. What is second?"

"To increase the number of his clients."

"When does your position towards your clients change?"

"When making a bill of costs."

"Explain."

"We then occupy the antagonistic position; I assume the character of plaintiff and he defendant."

"A suit decided, how do you stand with the lawyer conducting the other side?"

"Check by jowl."

"Enough, sir, you promise to become an ornament to your profession, and I wish you success. Now, are you aware of the duty you owe me?"

"I am sir."

"Describe it."

"It is to invite you to drink."

"But suppose I decline?"

(Candidate scratching his head.) "There is no instance of the kind on record on the books, I cannot answer the question."

"You are right; and the confidence with which you make an assertion, shows that you have read the law attentively. Let's take a drink, and I will sign your certificate."

SUPREME JUDESHIP.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

Below (says the Mobile Advertiser we give the opinions of some of our exchanges, out of a multitude of similar articles that might be collected, upon the refusal of the United States Senate to confirm the nomination of Hon. Geo. E. Badger to the vacant Supreme Court Judgeship. The New York Times says:

The rejection by the United States Senate of Mr. Badger's nomination for Judge of the Supreme Court, is one of those purely party questions which the country will not sustain. There was no possible objection to the Senator from North Carolina, except that he is a Whig. No man dared utter a word against his private character; no breath of supicion has tarnished his fame as a jurist; and there are none to be found to dispute that he would have carried to the position to which the President desired his elevation distinguished abilities, great caution, brilliant intellect, profound attainments, and the most scrupulous regard for the blind goddess whose decrees it would have become his duty to interpret. But the deed is done. All considerations of justice and the public good have been sacrificed to partisan zeal; and the country will look to the responsibility the Senators who have violated the trust confided to them.

The Montgomery (Ala) Journal says:

The nomination of Mr. Badger, long by way one of the ablest and most distinguished men of the Union, is rejected on the professed ground that he is not a resident of the circuit—chiefly because the place must be kept vacant for a political partisan. Such a course is not creditable to American legislation, or to the integrity of the Senators who have sworn to support and provide for the public service.

The Vicksburg (Miss.) Whig says:

When we get the list of the names of the twenty-six Senators who voted for the postponement of the nomination of a gentleman so well qualified and so entirely unexceptionable, as Mr. Badger we will give publicity to it, because we think the people should know them, so that they may put their seal of condemnation upon them. The honest and intelligent citizens, in favor of an upright and independent Judiciary, will not sustain the course of those who are trying to degrade the dignity and independence of Judges of the Supreme Court, by making them the mere tools and instruments of party.

FOREIGN.—The Arctic brings Liverpool dates to the 23d ult.

The demand for cotton was moderate—prices rather in favor of the buyers.

Mr. Rives, U. S. Minister to France, will return home in May.

The unexampled haughtiness of the Sultan towards the Russian Envoy had caused much excitement, and the English Charge sent a steamer to Malta for the English squadron to hasten to the Dardanelles. Admiral Dundas refused to obey the summons without orders from England. The French fleet from Toulon was immediately dispatched. The French Bourse fell alarmingly and the English funds were depressed, but are now recovering. It is supposed that the affair will blow over, but it is still regarded as critical. The latest despatch received by the French Government leads to the belief that the difficulty will amicably settled.

COOL.—The Editor of the N. Y. Mirror has been removed from a lucrative office. He announces the event in the following pleasant way—

PRIVATE DESPATCH FROM WASHINGTON

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
April 1st, 1853.

SIR:—Mr. Daniel E. Delavan having been appointed to succeed you as Naval Storekeeper at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, New York, you are to transfer to him all the books, papers and effects pertaining to said office.

I am, respectfully, your ob'dt. servant,
J. C. DOBBIN

HIRAM FULLER, Esq., late Naval Storekeeper, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The above is a copy of a document which came to hand this morning. We flatter ourself it will be good news to the readers of the Mirror when it rolls from our mind the care of some millions of Uncle Sam's stores, and enables us to devote our undivided thoughts to editorial work—much more genial occupation than the watching of great guns at the Navy Yard to see that they don't go off.—*Eve. Mirror.*

RICH.—A writer in the Washington Union dated Raleigh, N. C., March 30th, speaking of the Congressional districts in this State, says the 7th,—

"The seventh district is a new district, composed of a part of Clingman's, Dockery's and Caldwell's old districts, (mostly Dockery's.) Gen. Scott carried this district by 199 votes, yet Gov. Reid carried it by more than 500. With the gallant Craige, the Bovard of the State, to sweep the district with enthusiasm. Should he come to the next Congress, you will see a man who comes nearer to my idea of what the lamented Lowndes was than any living man."

Well! Well!! Well!!!

TROUBLE AHEAD.—Santa Anna has once more returned to Mexico, once more to reign over the distracted Republic. The feelings towards the United States which he will carry with him may be understood from the following extract from his reply to the messenger who invited him to return:—

"On my arrival there I will call around me those persons of influence who are true lovers of their country. I will confer with them; and if I find cooperation, if I find sincerity and a will to abnegate capricious and mistaken opinions, *and, finally, if I find men of heart to unite in obstinate defence of our right against the aggressors from the North*, and that the only cry is *dependence or death*, then will I lend myself cheerfully to new sacrifices, for in truth I could survive the disappearance of the Mexican nationality, and I desire to bury myself in its ruins, after the Mexicans have done their duty, the just Regulator of the destinies of nations should call for us such a fate."

In another place he speaks of the United States as the "natural enemies" of Mexico.

We learn that Col. Ruffin received the nomination for Congress, by the Democrats of Wayne, at their meeting on Tuesday last.

Goldsborough Telegraph.

Wake Superior Court.—This Tribunal is in session the present week,—his Honor Judge Bailey, presiding.

The Dowd case, which has excited a good deal of interest, has been removed for trial to the Superior Court of Johnston County.

On Thursday morning, Samuel Parker Perry was put upon trial for the murder of his wife. At the time of our going to Press, (Friday) a Jury has been obtained, though it is probable that one will be, during the day. For the State the Attorney General and B. F. Moore, Esq., for the Prisoner, Henry W. Miller, Perrin Busbee and Geo. W. Haywood, Esqs., and the Hon. Geo. E. Badger.—*Ral. Reg.*

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 11, 1853.

POSTMASTER OF FAYETTEVILLE.—Wm. Bow, Esq. has been appointed by the President and Senate Postmaster in this town, to succeed John McRae, who declined a reappointment. But we learn this morning that Mr. Bow has declined the appointment.

MAIL STAGES TO SALEM.—We have seen a memorial, numerously signed by citizens of Salem, in favor of the establishment of a tri-weekly line of stages between that town and this. It puts in strong light the importance of the enterprise to large and wealthy region of the State, whose road to market is through this place, and with which the Plank Road has greatly increased the amount of trade and travel. We understand that the citizens of Asheborough and Carthage have acted in similar memorials; and we hope that they, in conjunction with the memorial forwarded from this place some months since, will prevail to obtain the very desirable facility.

The Communication of "J. C." addressed to the Directors of the Rail Road Company, has been handed to the President of the Company, to be laid before the Directors.

THE CAPE FEAR BAR.—We copy from the Wilmington Journal an account of the meeting at that place, and of the Address of Professor Wailes, on the subject of improving the Inlets to that place. With characteristic promptness, liberality and public spirit, *six gentlemen of Wilmington* alone subscribed thirty thousand dollars, or half the sum required for the present.

Subsequently, eight or nine other gentlemen increased the subscription to $42,000.

NORTH CAROLINA COPPER.—One hundred tons were sold at the Merchant's Exchange, N. Y. on the 4th inst. at $6 80 for every 1 per cent. of copper, and one hundred at $6 12½.

The ore which sold for $6 80 was estimated to contain 30 per cent. of copper, and was therefore sold at the rate of $204 00 per ton. That at $6 12½, estimated to contain 20 per cent. of copper, at the rate of $122 55.

1177 shares of stock in the N. C. Copper Mining Company were sold at 89, and 88 87½ per share. The par value per share is said to be $5. We are informed that with twelve hands the company obtained seven tons of this ore in one day a week or two ago. This will be a profit of over a thousand dollars.

The Register states that a number of white operatives,—mostly foreigners,—have passed through that City, during the past week, for the purpose of entering the employment of Stith, Cannan & Co., in working the rich Copper mine in Guilford.

MR. CLAY'S BIRTHDAY.—To-morrow the 12th of April,—is to be handsomely celebrated by the authorities and citizens of Lexington, Kentucky. We would respectfully suggest that the day will be an appropriate one to subscribe to the fund for the erection of a National Monument to Mr. Clay's memory, the subscription paper for which is in our hands.

DIVIDEND.—The Wilmington & Raleigh Rail Road Company has declared a dividend of 3 per cent. payable on and after the 20th May next.

REMOVALS AND APPOINTMENTS.—The Union continues to publish columns after column of appointments and confirmations. Among them, we find three which settle a new principle, and we think a bad one, to-wit: that the Judges of the United States in the Territories are removable at the pleasure of the President. The Chief Justice and two Associate Justices in New Mexico are removed, and others appointed in their stead.—We regret to see this, for it is important that the Judiciary should be both independent and exempt from the operation of party spirit and party proscription.

Pierre Soule, of Louisiana, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Spain, in place of Daniel M. Barringer, resigned.

William C. Bouligny, Collector, Wilmington, North Carolina, vice Alexander D. Moore, resigned.

Hon. Solon Borland, United States Senator from Arkansas, to be Governor of the Territory of New Mexico.

Solomon W. Downs, (another U. S. Senator, and one who wanted to be Judge of the Supreme Court,) has been appointed Collector of the port of New Orleans. [This reminds us of the old story of applying for a foreign mission, and finally accepting some old clothes.]

The appointment of Mr. Soule as Minister to Spain, does not appear to us to be at all judicious. Mr. Soule's known views on the subject of Cuba will probably make him personally odious to the Court to which he goes, and thus, perhaps, lead to difficulties between the two countries.

Mr. Slidell of the same State, (Louisiana,) has declined the Mission to Central America, to which he had been appointed. This is evidently the result of an arrangement between the parties, as the Union, in announcing the fact, says that Mr. Slidell will be a candidate for Mr. Soule's seat in the U. S. Senate.

The North Carolinian tells a very tolerable anecdote about cutting off a monkey's tail, in reply to what we said on the subject of proscription for opinion's sake. Well, that is an easy, and sometimes the only way, of answering an opponent.—We apprehend, however, that there will be more monkeys *tailed* than *curtailed* by the present Administration;—and in this we do not allude *particularly* to our old crony, Col. Wheeler, who is about to have a new addition to his already prodigious caudal appendage.

The Whigs of Bertie have nominated Col. Outlaw for re-election to Congress.

In the Senate, during the past week, nothing important occurred in open session, most of the time being spent in Executive session.

THE RAIL ROAD MEETING.—We hope our readers will pardon us for occupying so much space with the following:—

THE FAYETTEVILLE AND WESTERN RAIL ROAD.

We copy from the Observer a short, unofficial account of the meeting of the stockholders of this company, held in Fayetteville, on Saturday last, for the purpose of organizing. We learn from others that Messrs. Smith & Colby were not present, but had authorized a gentleman, who was present, to state, on their behalf, that any arrangement that the other Stockholders might think proper to make would be acceptable to them. A resolution calling for a first instalment either in cash or by note, on the Stock subscribed, was, we learn, rejected.—*Wil. Journal.*

Who are those "others" from whom the Journal learned that "Messrs. Smith & Colby were not present, but had authorized a gentleman" &c. and that "a resolution" &c. "was rejected"?—*Every one of the assertions is utterly untrue*, and we cannot understand how or for what *good* purpose they were all invented. Messrs. Smith & Colby *were* present in person, and in all respects so conducted themselves as to make a most favorable impression on the public, as well as on the Committees and the Board of Directors, who had occasion to hold long conferences with them. A small first instalment was called for, payable on the 20th instant, which is quite as early as any funds can be wanted. We hope that the Journal will not "learn" that this instalment is not duly paid.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

Without caring to make any reply to the evident discourtesy and ill-feeling which mark the article in the Observer, we would simply state that we received our information from a gentleman who had been up at Fayetteville, and whose acquaintance with Railroad matters led us to regard any statement he might make as correct. We had no reason to draw a different conclusion, and published as a matter of news, what was told to us as such. Like other publishers of newspapers, we must rely upon human testimony, and are occasionally liable to be deceived. The Editors of the Observer must know enough of the business to understand this; and also to understand, that, every better feeling apart, interest alone would prevent us from making any statement of fact, knowing it to be false—especially where, as in this case, it is so easy of contradiction, and no earthly purpose could possibly be subserved by it. But it seems, unfortunately, to be a necessity of nature with the Observer to give its cotemporaries, at least those to whom it may happen to be opposed, no credit, either for common honesty or common sense, but to put such a construction upon every action as could only consist with the negation of both. The same tone has too frequently marked the course of the same paper towards sister communities. It so nauseates ways to have assumed a hostility to Fayetteville, as existing in the breasts of the people of Wilmington, and starting with this false impression, it has found no difficulty in magnifying its verriest trifles into intentional acts tending to support its theory. We hope that the Observer will yet learn to think better of its cotemporaries, and to do justice to the feelings of the people of Wilmington. Nothing could be more at variance with the actual state of the case, than the opinion it seems to entertain up in the latter subject.

We have another word to add in all sincerity, and that is to request gentlemen who may give information to editors, to be particular about it. It may be to them a trifle, but it is not so to the editors. It may mislead them—through them their readers, and thereby give occasion for inferences affecting, to some extent, the friendly relations of communities.

But let this all pass. We wish to cultivate a better spirit, although at times we feel inclined half provoked, by the strange perversions of our motives and views which we sometimes meet with. These too will be better understood after a while.

Wilmington Journal.

We are surprised that the Journal treats this matter as if we had charged *the Editors themselves* with inventing, and knowing to be false," the unbounded stories which it was our object to contradict. We did no such thing. The Journal said it had its information from "others"; and we inquired who those "others" were. In reply we are scolded for treating the Editors of the Journal with "evident discourtesy and ill-feeling." We certainly did feel provoked that any body had taken the trouble to manufacture such useless stories, the effect of which, and apparently the object, was to bring our rail road into disrepute—for if the principal stockholders had not thought it worth while to attend, and if those who did attend had rejected a proposition to call for a first instalment, the presumption would be evident that the whole scheme was a humbug, and the principal stockholders far from being in earnest. And to produce such an impression, in the face of all the facts to the contrary, seemed to us, and now seems to us, to have been the object of the statements in the Journal. It appeared to be a breaking out afresh of that original hostility which manifested itself in the Wilmington papers when the charter was before the Legislature, and in the vote of the Senator from that county against granting the charter itself. We had thought that all this had passed away. We were reassured by the Wilmington papers. We were therefore surprised and provoked at this new manifestation of it by such a groundless misrepresentation of facts.

And who are the "others" from whom the Journal got its information? *They* appear to have been, "*a gentleman* who had been up at Fayetteville"! and one too "acquainted with rail road matters"! We can easily understand that the Journal might be imposed upon, but we really cannot understand how "a gentleman" who was here could reconcile it to himself so to impose upon it.

The self-importance of the Journal causes it to labor under the strange delusion of imagining that every one who exposes its errors, and defends the interests of his own town, is animated by "ill-feeling" towards itself, or towards Wilmington. The Journal's opinion is very far from being correct. But it is a matter of little importance.—Whatever it may think, we shall always expose errors of mischievous tendency, whether vouched for by the Journal or credited to "others."

The Journal charges us with illiberal dealing towards other communities and with endeavoring to stir up animosity against Wilmington. The charge is utterly unfounded. We defy it to point to any word we have ever uttered against any Wilmington scheme of improvement, whilst we can point to many a "well done" that we have spoken in encouragement of her enterprises.

The frigate Saranac, which was ashore near Savannah, has been gotten off without much danger, and has arrived in port

We heard with very great pleasure, a week or two ago, of the fact stated in the following paragraph from the Scientific American, and ought then to have congratulated the public upon the defeat of the Woodworth claim, and upon the satisfactory settlement of a most expensive and harassing suit between most estimable and enterprising gentlemen:

THE WOODWORTH PATENT SUIT IN NORTH CAROLINA TERMINATED.

Most of our readers, acquainted with planing machines, are probably aware that the heaviest suit brought under the Woodworth Patent has been pending in the Circuit Court of North Carolina for three years past; we mean the suit of Potter & Kidder vs. P. K. Dickinson & Co.—Some of the ablest counsel in the country were retained in it, and twenty-five thousand dollars in the three years were expended by the parties in the preparation of the cause for a hearing. It was before the court at the last term, on a motion for an interlocutory injunction, and Mr. Justice Wayne ordered the complainants' bill to be amended as required by the answer, refused the injunction, and remarked that the pleadings on behalf of the defendants exceeded any for ability, and the great number of new points raised, that had ever fallen under his notice. A case of more importance to the country and to the patent law had never arisen, the defendant continually running the Gay machine, and the evidence covering everything known in relation to the Woodworth patent and all the planing machines in this and foreign countries. Having reached this crisis, the complainants proposed to dismiss the bill, each party paying their own costs—and thus has ended this vigorously prosecuted and most vigorously defended suit of any that has yet been brought under the Woodworth Patent.

Scientific American.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.—Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and 4 Congressmen, all Locofocos, elected.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.—The Locofocos have elected their candidates for Governor, Congress, and State officers generally.

NEW YORK HONESTY.—A precious disclosure has just been made in the New York Legislature. A Libby-member named Turlox bribed a member of the Legislature named Stewart, by a note for $50, to have a bill shuffled aside so that it might not pass. He was to have $250 for another bribe. It appears that there is a body of libby-members who usually make about $10000 per session, whilst the regular members get but $5000—the libby-members being supplied with funds, by those who have bills to pass, or by those who wish to defeat bills, to be used in bribery or treating members. Turlox is in jail.

Again. Two Aldermen in N. Y. city gave out a printing contract at about $200,000, which a well known responsible publishing firm offered to do at $60,000. The Aldermen are not in jail where they ought to be.

The Petersburg Rail Road Company has declared an annual dividend of 7 per cent. The gross receipts for the year were $227,593 20, an increase of $35,559 96 over those of the previous year.

WASHINGTON, April 6.

Expected Change in the Cabinet.—There is a rumor here, (using it, of a contemplated change in the Cabinet. Mr. Dobbin, it is said, is to take Mr. Cushing's place, and Mr. Cushing to take Mr. Dobbin's place, or go abroad. No doubt this arrangement has at least been talked of.

Santa Anna declared President of Mexico.—A Telegraphic despatch from New Orleans informs us of the formal proclamation of the election of Gen. Santa Anna to the Presidency of Mexico. President Lombardini, with his Secretary and Gens. Fraga and Carrera, assembled on the 17th ultimo and opened the ballots cast at the recent election for President of the Republic. Each State cast but one vote, and the result was that eight or nine States voted for Santa Anna and five for other candidates.

Gen. Santa Anna was then formally declared President of the Republic of Mexico, amid the greatest manifestations of enthusiasm. On reaching the capital he is to be immediately inaugurated, for which the greatest preparations were making.—*National Intelligencer.*

We regret to say, that Mrs. Parrott's son, who was injured in the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, and who was supposed to be better on Thursday and likely to recover, is now in a hopeless condition.—*Petersburg Intelligencer.*

Business in Salisbury.—Our merchants are selling off their new stocks rapidly. The daily sales of one House for the last three weeks, have ranged from $500 to $2,500.

Since writing the above, we have learned from one of the Proprietors, that on yesterday, the same House sold goods to the amount of $5,600.

Salisbury Watchman.

We learn that on the 6th inst., the dwelling house, kitchen and smoke-house, belonging to Mr. Mordecai Beason, near Lumberton Sound, was entirely consumed by fire. The premises were insured for about $900—about half their value.—*Wil. Journ.*

Railroad Decision.—The Supreme Court of Illinois, at its recent session at Springfield, decided, in the case of the Alton and Sangamon Railroad Company vs. Carpenter, that in estimating the damage done to land by the construction of a railroad, the advantages which the land will derive from its construction are to be taken into consideration and deducted; and that the estimation of these advantages is not to be confined to the advantages peculiar to the tract of land, but also the increased value the land bears, in common with other land, beyond what it would bear if the road was not constructed or to be constructed at all. If this increased value is equal to or greater than the damage done, then no damages can be assessed or compensation given for the appropriation of the land.

The Japan Expedition.—The Washington Union of this morning notices the rumor that the expedition to Japan has been, or is about to be countermanded by the present Secretary of the Navy, and says:

We learn, from the best authority, that all such rumors are entirely unfounded in fact. On the contrary, the administration is making every effort to give all proper aid in carrying out the important objects of the expedition, and in fulfilling the public expectation in regard to it.

EXTRAORDINARY DEPOPULATION.—When Cook the navigator visited the Sandwich Islands, their population amounted to 400,000. In 1836 it had dwindled to 108,579, and now to 80,641—a decrease of 320,000 in 70 years. During the last year the deaths were 7,943, and the births only 1,478. There are only 1787 foreigners on the Islands.

Drowned.—We understand that a negro man named Fred, the property of Mr. John M. Horah, of Salisbury, fell off the Henrietta steamboat into the river near Whitehall on Monday last, and was drowned.—*North Carolinian.*

Marriage Ceremony in South Carolina.—A case of bigamy was recently tried in Chesterfield district, South Carolina, and discharged. In the charge of his honor, Judge Frost, to the jury, he remarked that there was no law in the State of South Carolina prescribing a marriage ceremonial. If Mr. A and Miss B jump over a broom, the former saying I take this woman to be my wedded wife, and the latter I take this man to be my wedded husband, and go to housekeeping, they are legally married, have entered into a bond of union which cannot be annulled, so long as they both do live.

DIED,

At his residence in Pitt county, on the 20th ultimo, Mr. JOHN JOYNER, in the 75th year of his age, formerly a member of the Legislature.

In Pike county, Ala., on the 27th February, Rev'd JOHN BOSWELL, of the M. E. Church, aged 65 years, a native of Columbus county, N. C.

In Anson, of putrid sore throat, on the 24 instant, SARAH ANN, daughter of A. C. and M. Moore, aged 4 years 5 months and 28 days.

In the vicinity of Salisbury, on the 4th inst., Mr GEORGE UTZMAN, one of the oldest citizens of that place, in the 66th year of his age.

On the 19th of February last, near Lake Providence, La., after an illness of some days, Mrs. JESSIE W. LARCHE, wife of Severin Larche, Esq., and eldest daughter of the late William and Mary Ann Wingate, of Wilmington, N. C., in the 35th year of her age.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—April 11.

BACON—	10	a 11	MOLASSES—		
BEESWAX—	24	a 25	Cuba	24	a 27
CANDLES—E.F.	14	a	New Orleans,	30	a
Adamantine	20	a 25	NAILS—	6	a 6½
Sperm	50	a	OILS—Linseed,	80	a
COFFEE—Rio,	11	a 11½	Tanners',	60	a 70
Laguira,	11½	a	SALT—		
St. Domingo,	9	a 10	Liv'p, (sack,)	1 75	a
COTTON—			Alum, (bu.)	40	a
Strictly prime,	9½	a 10½	SEED—		
Prime,	9¼	a 9½	Flaxseed,	1 10 a	1 15
Fair,	9	a 9¼	Clover, per lb.	12½ a	15
COTTON BAGGING—			SHOT—		
Gunny,	14	a 16	Com., pr. bag,	2 00 a	
Dundee,	13	a 15	Buck,	2 25 a	
Burlaps,	10	a 12	SPIRITS—		
COTTON YARNS—			Peach Brandy,		a
No. 5 to 10,	16	a	Apple "	55	a 60
DOMESTIC GOODS—			N. C. Whiskey,	28	a 30
Brs. Sheetings,	7	a 7½	Northern "	30	a
Osnaburgs,	9¼	a 10	N. E. Rum,	40	a
FEATHERS—	35	a 37	Jamaica Rum,	$2 a	2 50
FLOUR—			Fr. Brandy,	$2 a	3 00
Superfine,	4 50	a 4 60	American Gin,	30	a 40
Fine,	4 25	a 4 35	Holland Gin,	1 50 a	2 00
Scratched,	4 00	a	SUGAR—		
GRAIN—			Loaf,	10	a 11
Corn,	60	a 65	Crushed,	9¾	a 10¼
Wheat,	75	a 80	St. Croix,	9	a
Oats,	40	a 45	Porto Rico,	7	a 9
Peas,	65	a 70	New Orleans,	6	a 8
Rye,	65	a 70	TALLOW—	7	a 8
HIDES—Dry,	7	a 8	TOBACCO—		
Green,	3	a	Leaf,	2	a 3½
IRON—			Manufactured,	8	a 15
Swedes, ass. bar,	5	a	WHITE LEAD—$2	a 3 00	
Ditto, wide,	6	a	WINDOW GLASS—		
English,	4	a	8 x 10,	2¼	a 2½
LARD—	11	a 13	10 x 12,	2¼	a
LEAD—	8½	a 9	WOOL—	22	a 23

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Bacon.—Receipts light, prices steady.

Cotton.—We advance our rates to correspond with sales the latter part of the week. Better grades would have commanded higher rates.

Flour.—Receipts large, prices steady.

Corn.—No change.

Spirits Turpentine.—Prices variable.

Wool in demand at full prices.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Turpentine—Sold at 3 50, but 1 60 to 1 70. Virgin $4. Spirits 45 to 49. Tar 1 85. Bacon—hog round 10 to 11, hams 12 to 12½. Lard 10 to 11. Alum Salt 22½. Fay. Flour 5 25. Timber—sales of ten rafts at 10 50, 5 75, 7 50, 8, and 9 50.

At Cheraw, cotton, 7 to 10¼. Sales of the week 580 bales. Corn 60 to 65. Flour 4 75 to 5. Bacon 11 to 12½.

At Charleston, cotton has declined. Sales at 7½ to 10½. Corn 52. Flour 5 37½ to 5 62½. Bacon dull.

At New York, cotton is moderate demand, and scarcely so firm. Flour 4 56 to 4 58. Corn dull at 59 to 61. Total receipts of cotton, 2,814,190 bales, against 2,425,556 last year. Increase 384,634.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

April 7.—Str Southerner, of the Frank & Jerry Line, with passengers and freight for J G & R G Lash, Hutton & Cooper, Hunt & Anderton, S J Piggott, I Ottenberg, Murchison, Reid & co, P Fries, D Clark, Cook & Johnson, King & Hoge, D & W McLaurin, J H & J Martine, J H Martin, Rockfish co, T C Pfhol, M Watts, Wilkinson & co, James A Barker, P Shemwell, A Mackie, W E Moore, P Craig, Jr.

April 8.—Str Cape Fear, and Outlaw, with goods for Murchison, Reid & co, J & T W Neil, Richardson & Parrett, A A Mekethan, Union Manf Co, J McKenzie, H L Murphy & co, J A Bryden, D Murphy, Rankin & McLean, W H Teutterleh, Barkley, McLean & Bauer, S Brown, Bagley, Kyle & co, J & F Garrett, J W Thomas, J Utley, R G Lindsey, J & E G Worth, J T Council & Cain, Cornelius Lilly, A B Marsh, T Caldwell & son, Foust & Fether, J Chesly, Gardner & co, Tyson, Kelly & co, D H Holland, H & E J Lilly, J H Foust, E Glover, I M Walker, P Shemwell, Lehman & Butner, Stafford Clark & Dixon, E H Mead, D & W McLaurin, Vestal & Watson, T J Patrick, Freeman & Rose, R J Long, G Womack, C Fawcett, C P Nixon, J M A Peyke, T E Underwood, S Berggies, T C Blake, Mrs E Walton, A Wetherly, Buena Vista Lodge, Barnhardt & Sullivan, Jenkins, Roberts & co, J A Waugh, S J Hinsdale, E Belo, C P McGary, W A Holt & co, G Makepeace, R Ross, G W Johnson, Lucas and Fry, Wilkinson & co, H McNeill, E J Hale & son, Worth & Elliott, C J Fawcett, W J McConnell, J Stafford, J Hall, C G Yates, J Kendle, T Seller jr, J W Strange, J A & A Baldwin, J Tyson, Deep River Manf Co, J M Worth, T B Tyson, W B Richardson, Smith, Clark & Swaim, J W Baker, J Miller, W A J T Andrews, T J Robinson, R T Long, Blum & Lash, C S Johnson, P C Sanders, A G Headen & co, A H McNeill, Long & Webb, W R Holt, J M Worth, T Graham, Stedman & Horne, J R & J Sloan, J McIver, Rowan Factory, Reynolds & Beason, J Worth & son, Holt, Murray & co, S G Wharton, J N Smith, Transom & Brother.

April 7—Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, 9—Zephyr, 10—Fanny Lutterloh, 11—Rowan, with boat Starr in tow. With passengers and goods for J L Furguson, E L & J A Pemberton, C T Haigh & Son, H L Myrover & Co, A W Steel, Ray & Pearce, G McNeill, F Miller, S T Hawley & Son, H & E J Lilly, E A Vogler, J Kyle, D & W McLaurin, F Fries, J F Grist, S J Piggott, C F Leete, Tomlinson & English, S W Tillinghast & Co, P Gee, M Godwin, Latham & Brown, Lemon Shell, J W Hooker, A Coats & Co, G Foushee, Johnson, McNeill & Co, J W Rogers, Dye & McIver, J W Powers.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVALS.

April 5—Schrs. R. W. Brown from New York, Messenger from Baracoa, (Cuba,) 6—Schr. New York Packet from Boston. 8—Brig Rochabite from Providence; Schrs Henry Nutt from Philadelphia, Manhassett from New York. 9—Schr J Cooley & Co from Boston.

FLOWER SEED.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT, 3 to 10 cents per paper. On receipt of one dollar by mail, I will enclose 20 papers, assorted, and pay the postage.

Dahlias are now ready for delivery—10 to 25 cents each.

C. LUTTERLOH.

April 11. 84-1t

Fayetteville Water Works.

THE ownership of the Water Works having changed hands, it is necessary that all outstanding accounts to the 1st inst. should be forthwith settled.—They will be presented during the present week.

E. J. HALE, Pres't.

April 11.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WE ARE now receiving our SPRING and SUMMER stock of Gentlemen's, Ladies', Misses', Boy's, and Children's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, embracing a great variety of styles and qualities. All of which were selected with great care from the most approved Manufactories for the retail trade.

—ALSO—

A large supply of Trunks, and Carpet-Bags; Calf, Goat, Lining, Binding, and Pad Skins; Shoe Thread, Lasts, Sparables, and Shoe findings of all kinds, for sale very low for Cash by

S. T. HAWLEY & SON.

April 11, 1853. 84-6w

DENTISTRY.

DR. BENBOW would respectfully inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fayetteville and vicinity, that he intends being absent from the 18th to the 24th of this month.

April 11, 1853. 84-2t

Fresh Spring Goods.

E. L. & J. A. PEMBERTON

HAVE received, at their Old Stand, a rich and extensive Stock of

Silk and Fancy DRY GOODS,

Embracing all the Fashionable Styles for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dress Goods. Embroideries; black and colored Mantillas; of the latest and most fashionable styles; plain and fig'd white Crape Shawls; black and colored Laces for Mantles; French Worked Collars, Chemizettes, Lace and Muslin Under Sleeves; best quality Kid Gloves; twisted silk and kid finish ditto; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cotton and Silk Hosiery; Embroidered Lace Curtains, &c. &c.

A rich lot Paper and Oil Window Shades, Fire Screens, Carpet Bags and Satchels, Valises and Travelling Trunks, Silk and Gingham Umbrellas and Parasols.

Moleskin, Panama, Canton Straw, and other styles Summer Hats.

Latest style fashionable Bonnets; Misses' Bloomers and Flats; French Flowers, Bonnet Linings, &c.

—ALSO—

Gentlemen's Fine Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Ladies' Gaiters and Slippers. A handsome lot Ready-made Clothing, of warranted materials and workmanship.

All in want of Goods in our line will please give us a call.

E. L. & J. A. PEMBERTON.

April 9, 1853. 84-1t

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to H. Branson, or H. Branson & Son, are requested to make immediate payment, as longer indulgence cannot be given. The books and notes are in the hands of Charles Benbow, who is authorised to settle.

H. BRANSON.

April 11, 1853. 84-1w

FOR SALE.

TWENTY Hhds. PRIME MOLASSES.

R. M. ORRELL.

April 6. 84-1t

NEW BOOKS.

BEATRICE, or the Unknown Relatives, by Catharine Sinclair; Villette, by Currer Pell, author of Jane Eyre, &c.; Nick of the Woods, by Bird; the Captive in Patagonia; My Novel; Dow's Patent Sermons; &c., &c. Macaulay's Speeches, in 2 vols; Abbott's History of Nero; Trench on the study of words, &c.

E. J. HALE & SON.

April 9, 1853.

N. C. Supreme Court Reports.

IN sets, or parts of sets, with all other N. C. Law Books, and Law Books generally, sold on the most favorable terms, by

E. J. HALE & SON.

Also, a large stock Medical, Historical, Miscellaneous, and School Books, Blank Books, Paper, &c., at wholesale and retail, at the Book Store, Fayetteville, N. C.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the County Court of Cumberland County a Committee to have the Bridge across Lock's Creek, near the Clarendon Bridge, repaired: in accordance with said appointment they will let out the contract to the lowest bidder, at 11 o'clock, on SATURDAY, the 23d inst., at E. C. Hall's Store, at which time the plan and specifications will be made known.

JOHN P. LEONARD,
JAMES EVANS,
JOHN WADDELL,
} Commissioners.

April 9. 84-2t

Look before you Buy.

THOS. B. TYSON

IS now receiving direct from New York the largest and most complete stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Bonnets of all kinds, Shoes, Boots, Umbrellas, Parasols, Ready-made Clothing, Sadlery, Crockery, &c.,

Ever offered in the town of Carthage, and will be sold on favorable terms.

I feel grateful to my friends and customers for their patronage heretofore, and hope by a straight forward course on my part to merit a continuance of the same.

THOS. B. TYSON.

Carthage, April 10, 1853. 84-4t

1853.

YOUNG AMERICA TRIUMPHANT! POPE & PITMAN.

ON the 4th of March, when President Pierce was convincing the people that "Progress" was the order of the day, we were busily engaged in New York in preparing to confirm the same doctrine by selecting and purchasing every thing pertaining to our business, of the very latest and most elegant styles; and we now confidently assert, that if the people will give us a call they will find our stock more full and complete than any ever before offered them.

We have every variety of

DRESS GOODS,

from 8c Silks to 1 ct. Calico, and we know that all will admit that our Dress Goods for Gentlemen are equal, if not superior, to any ever offered in Lumberton. Our BONNETS must be seen to be appreciated, and our

BOOTS AND SHOES

must be worn to know their value. A full stock of

FANCY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Toilet Soaps and Perfumery,

From the celebrated houses of X. Bazin and Rosuel.

The undersigned are thankful for the liberal patronage they have received, and they only expect to continue the same by adhering to their Motto—

LARGE SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

POPE & PITMAN.

Lumberton, N. C., March 1853. 84-4t

10 *Shares of Cape Fear Bank Stock.*

IN conformity with an Order of Court, I will sell at the Market House in Fayetteville, at 12 o'clock on the 23d of May, 10 Shares of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Cape Fear. The ensuing Dividend will be reserved.

Terms: Six months' credit. Stock will be transferred on payment of purchase money.

JAMES BANKS, Adm'r de bonis non of Anson Bailey, dec'd.
CHAS. E. LEETE, Anct'r.

April 4, 1853. 83ts

☞ THE FRIENDS of JESSE T. WARDEN present his name to the citizens of Cumberland County as a Candidate for the Office of SUPERIOR COURT CLERK at the next Election.

March 28, 1853. 81-te

SUPERIOR COURT CLERK.

WE ARE authorised to announce JAMES W. STRANGE, Esq. as a Candidate for the Office of Clerk of the SUPERIOR COURT of Cumberland County, at the Election in August next.

March 28, 1853. 81-te

Lands and Mills for Sale.

THE Subscribers offer for sale the well known Red Banks plantation, in the county of Robeson, containing 4000 acres, more or less, lying on both sides of Lumber River, on the main road from Lumberton to Floral College, seventeen miles from the former, and seven miles from the latter place; also, on the main road from Harlleesville, S. C. to Fayetteville, thirty-three miles South of the latter place.

They feel no hesitation in saying that said plantation possesses as many conveniences and advantages as any ever offered for sale in this section of the State. There is now on the premises and in successful operation a Saw Mill running two saws, and a Grist Mill and Cotton Gin—all of which are run upon the best and most improved plans. The home demand for lumber is always great, with the additional advantage of transporting it by the river to Georgetown, C. S., and the intermediate landings. Timber for the use of the Mill is plentiful. The Grist Mill and Cotton Gin have each a fine custom.

The lands are generally heavily timbered, and lying on and near the river—are very valuable for Turpentine, Tan-Timber, &c. Turpentine can always be sold at a fair price in Lumberton, and Timber at Georgetown and the steam mills on the river.

There are about 500 acres of cleared land under good fence and in a high state of cultivation, well adapted to the various articles of produce usually raised in this latitude.

The dwelling house is large and comfortable. The negro cabins are all frame work, well lighted and ventilated, brick chimneys and shingle roofs. Most of them have been erected within the last few years.

The corn and fodder houses, stable buildings, &c., are mostly new and well located.

The location is healthy; the water, both well and spring, is excellent.

There is also upon the premises a large store-house, one-fourth of a mile from the dwelling; a Presbyterian church one mile, and a Methodist church two miles.—The store house is in a public place; the stand for selling goods and making good debts is equal to any in the State. There is regular service in both churches by ministers of their respective denominations.

Persons desiring further information can address the subscribers at Gilopolis, or examine the premises.

Preference will be given to any one buying the whole, or it will be divided to suit the convenience of purchasers.

Terms: one half cash upon delivery of possession—the balance on reasonable time.

WILLIAM McNEILL, Sr.
JOHN McNEILL.

Red Banks, Robeson Co., April 5, 1853. 81-tf

Wilmington Journal copy tf.

I will also sell 1200 acres unimproved, heavily timbered land, on the East side of Lumber River, twelve miles above Lumberton. Persons wishing Timber and Turpentine lands would do well to apply early

JOHN McNEILL.

Wilmington Journal copy tf.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Administrator of William Harris, late of Montgomery county, will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 26th of April instant, at the late residence of his intestate, in said county, all the perishable property belonging to the estate, consisting of eight or ten head of horses, thirty or forty head of cattle, a large stock of hogs, one wagon, farming implements, household and kitchen furniture, ten or twelve hundred bushels of corn, some wheat, fodder, a quantity of bacon, and a variety of other property not here enumerated.

At the same time and place, will also be sold twenty-two or three likely and valuable Negroes, consisting of men, boys, women, girls and children—among the number a good plantation blacksmith.

Credit until the first day of January next will be given on the sale of the above property, the purchaser giving bond and approved security.

JOHN HUSSEY, Adm'r.

April 4, 1853. 84-2t

New Stock Seasonable Goods.

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just received his Stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Embracing a General Assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Bonnets, Misses' and Children's Hats, Worsted Patterns, Umbrellas and Parasols, Boots and Shoes,

ALSO, SUGAR AND COFFEE, &c. &c.

P. SHEMWELL.

North-west Corner Market Square, Green st

Fayetteville, N. C., April 1, 1853. 83tf

Warrenton Female Institute.

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

THE Twenty-fourth Semi-Annual Session of this Institution will commence on Monday the 3d of January next. Charges as before. Pupils are received at any time and charged from the time of entrance.

Terms: $62 00 per Session for Board and English tuition. Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, and Oil Painting, at former rates. Vocal Music and Ornamental Needle-work gratis.

Circulars containing the fullest information will be sent to those applying.

GRAVES & WILCON.

Warrenton, Dec. 2, 1852. 83tf

CANTON MATTING.

10 PS. CANTON MATTING, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 white and red checked.

Sup'r Carb't Soda.

25 boxes in 1 lb. papers; a superior article,

20 " Fleme Eggs.

Just received and for sale by

S. W. TILLINGHAST & CO.

April 6, 1853. 83tf

SHINGLES.

WE want 100,000 good Juniper SHINGLES, for which the best price will be paid.

J. & T. WADDELL.

April 4, 1853. 83tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, March Term, 1853.

R. W. Kinlaw vs. James Edey.

Attachment.—Judgment conditional rendered.—Levied on 60 acres of Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, James Edey, is not an inhabitant of this State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him: It is therefore Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, notifying him to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in June next, and plead, or judgment absolute will be rendered against him, and the land levied on be condemned to satisfy the Plaintiff's recovery.

Witness, John McLaurin, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Fayetteville, the 1st Monday of March, A. D., 1853.

J. McLAURIN, Clerk.

84-6t]

The Road to Health.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

A LADY CURED OF ASTHMA, AFTER TWENTY YEARS SUFFERING, BY THE USE OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—The Wholesale Agent for the sale of Holloway's Pills in New South Wales, alludes, in a letter to Professor Holloway, to several extraordinary cures of Asthma, effected in that Colony, by the use of these invaluable Pills; and to one case in particular—that of a lady residing near a hill named the Razorback, who, after having for twenty years been afflicted with great difficulty of breathing, and unable, in consequence, to bear the slightest exertion, at last used this remedy, and is now, to use her own expression, able to run up to the top of that high hill.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London; and by all respectable vendors of Patent Medicines throughout the British Empire, and by those of the United States, in pots and boxes, at 37½ cents, 87 cents, and $1 50 each. Wholesale, by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs. A. B. & D. SANDS, New York; and Mr. J. HORSEY, 84 Maiden Lane, New York.

There is very

Office of the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Company,

FAYETTEVILLE, March 28th, 1853.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the Fayetteville Hall on the second Thursday in April—the 14th day of the month—at 11 o'clock.

8 opm] EDWARD LEE WINSLOW, Pres't.

Salisbury Watchman and People's Press 2 times.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Board of Trustees of St. John's College will be held at the Masonic Hall in the town of Oxford on the 3d day of May, 1853, at 11 o'clock, A. M. It is desirable that all the members should be present, as it is proposed at that time to settle on the dimensions of suitable College buildings, and to make arrangements for letting contracts. Undertakers of large buildings are invited to be present, prepared to put in bids. By order of the Board.

JAS. T. LITTLEJOHN, Sec'y.

May 5, 1853. 80m

WANT OF MONEY.

ALL persons who are indebted to me, by note or account, are earnestly requested to settle—particularly those debts due me before the 1st January, 1852. My business requires me to make this call, and longer indulgence cannot be given.

A. A. McKETHAN.

Nov. 15, 1852. 45tf

For Sale.—50 tons Peruvian Guano. Those who have engaged from us will please send in.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

Feb'y 7, 1853. 66tf

WANTED.

TWO SPIRIT-BARREL COOPERS. Apply to

N. KING, Kingsbury, N. C.

Dec. 17, 1852. 55tf

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE Hotel at present occupied by John Harman, formerly known as the Planters' Hotel, near the Cape Fear Bridge, Fayetteville, is offered for sale and possession will be had whenever desired. The House is large and convenient, has been thoroughly repaired and put in first rate order, and is now, together with the furniture, in complete and handsome order. It is in a large state of the local trade, and will be sold on favorable terms. Application may be made to the subscriber on the premises, or by letter addressed to him at Fayetteville.

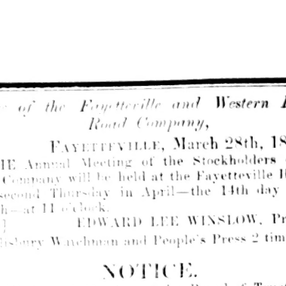
The Hotel property is considered by the existing Proprietor a very desirable property for investment in Hotel business, or for a private residence.

Terms liberal.

N. A. STEDMAN,
W. T. HORNE.

Fayetteville, N. C., March 8, 1853. 75tf

CASTINGS OF ALL KINDS FOR WHEAT, CORN, SAW MILLS, &c.



GRIST MILLS, Spindle Balance Irons and Drivers, Bolts or Bindings, Hubbless Water Wheels, Iron Shafting, Gudgeons, Pinions, Cogging and Shafting for Wheat, Corn, Saw Mills, Threshers, Steam Engines of any horse power, Gearing for Horse and Power Mills kept on hand. We wish to refer to our machinery in operation in this place; those indebted by Note or Account will please come forward and settle.

HALL & BOLLINGER.

May 7, 1853. 79tf

Fresh Bursting Fluid and Camphine,

Just received and for sale by

J. N. SMITH, Green St.

July 23, 1852. 6tf

PIANO FOR SALE.

A SECOND-HAND PIANO, 6 2-3 Octave. Apply at this office.

Feby 17.

FAMILY FLOUR.

A FEW Barrels superior Family Flour. Also, 10 Barrels Yellow Planting Potatoes. For sale by

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.

Feby 17. 69tf

THOS. J. JOHNSON

HAS JUST RECEIVED—

10 BBLS. NEW ORLEANS Molasses,
10 do. Large Yellow Planting Potatoes,
Coarse Northern Bacon,
Cheese, Lard, Candles,
Irish Potatoes,
Loaf, Crushed and Brown Sugars,
Rice,
Soda Crackers,
Pepper, Ginger, Starch,
Saleratus,
Rice Flour,
25 Bags Coffee,
5 Hhds. Cuba Molasses.

ALSO—

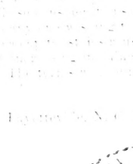
1 Gig Harness Wagon and 1 Buggy, 1 Harness Horse, &c.

THOS. J. JOHNSON, Person St.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 28, 1853. 72tf

☞ CAMPBELLTON PROPERTY FOR SALE. T. J. J.

Livery Stables.



The undersigned continue to carry on the LIVERY BUSINESS at this place. They have lately largely increased their Stock and can now offer to the public as good Horses, Carriages and Drivers as can be found in the Southern country.

Thankful for the large patronage heretofore extended to us, we solicit a continuation of the public favor. We promise a satisfactory trip to all who may wish to travel.

Our Stables at the West end of Mumford street, where one of the Proprietors may always be found, or at the Store next door East of Mr. Lutterloh.

J. W. POWERS & CO.

Fayetteville, Feby 22, 1853. 71Y

JUST RECEIVED,

1000 SACKS LIVERPOOL SALT,
1000 bushels Alum Salt ditto, in bags,
20 hhds. sweet Molasses,
50 bbls. City Mess Pork,
20 " large size No. 3 Mackerel,
10 half bbls. No. 2 do.
20 kits fresh caught Mullets,
50 boxes Dried Herring,
100 bbls. Planting & eating Potatoes,
20 hhds. superior Bacon.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

Fayetteville, Nov. 22, 1852. 47tf

UNION LIVERY STABLES,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE PROPRIETORS are prepared to furnish the Public with

Horses, Carriages, and Buggies, FOR HIRE.

They are also prepared to carry Passengers to any of the neighboring Towns, on reasonable terms.

Their Stock may be found at the Stables formerly occupied by Messrs. Phillips & Wooten, a few doors West of the Telegraph Office.

They always have in attendance good Ostlers and Hostlers.

☞ A FOUR-HORSE CARRIAGE will be in attendance, at short notice, to convey Passengers to and from the Steam Boats.

They will take Horses on Livery at reasonable terms.

They hope, by strict attention to business and a determination to please, to merit a share of public patronage.

J. B. ASKEW, Agent.

December 14, 1852. 52tf

BACON! BACON!

15 HHDS. Sides and Shoulders, for sale by

W. H. LUTTERLOH.

Dec. 23, 1852. 51 tf

ROCKFISH SHEETINGS,

BY the bale or half bale, for sale by

C. T. HAIGH & SON.

July 13, 1852. 8tf

FIRE-PROOF ROOFING.

Francis Shenton,

SLATE AND METAL ROOFER, &c.,

THANKFUL for past favors, begs to call public attention to SLATE ROOFING, done on the most approved principle, making roofs lighter, tighter, and more durable than the old way of sheeting, effecting a saving in lumber, and greater security against fire. The low price at which Slate Roofs are now offered will compare favorably with any other kind of fire-proof Roofing.

SLATE CHIMNEY PIPES made to any pattern. They are an excellent remedy for smoking chimneys, and seldom fail to effect a cure.

☞ Tin and Copper Gutters, Leader Pipes and Heads, made to any pattern, and every kind of fire-proof roofing put on or repaired in the best manner, on reasonable terms.

F. S., in soliciting your patronage, feels confident of giving entire satisfaction in all cases where a thorough knowledge of his business is required.

Fayetteville, Sept. 7, 1852. 24Y

VALUABLE PROPERTY for Sale.

THE Subscriber having removed to Tennessee, desires to dispose of his residence and lands in the vicinity of Fayetteville. He therefore offers for sale, on accommodating terms, his residence at ROSE HILL, and the tract of 500 acres of land attached thereto; and also the Meadow Farm tract of 1000 acres, adjacent to the former.

Previous advertisements have described the residence and lands and their advantages. Persons desirous of further information can obtain it from Mr. Isaac B. Hawley, who has full power to sell the property and give deeds.

W. H. HARDIN.

Aug. 30, 1852. 2I

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DR. THOS. C. HALL respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and its vicinity. He may be consulted at the Office directly over the new Drug Store of Samuel J. Hinsdale, South West corner of Market Square.

July 29, 1852. 13tf

CHEMICALS, &c.

Citrate Iron, English.
Lactate " "
Phosphate " "
Saxon Iodide Iron.
Iron by Hydrogen.
Iodine.
Iod. Potass.
" Iod.
Piperine.
Salicine.
Kreosote.
Quinine.
Cit. Iron and Quinine. For sale by

J. N. SMITH, Green St.

July 23, 1852. 6tf

ANDREWS & JESUP,

No. 70, PINE Street, NEW YORK.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF

COTTON AND WOOLLEN MACHINERY AND

"Manufacturer's Articles"

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Comprising Belting, Card Clothing, Bobbins, Shuttles, Pickers, Roller Skins, Roller Cloth, Oils, &c.

Dec. 16, 1852. 52 1y

To Country Merchants!!

THE SUBSCRIBER has now on hand and offers for sale the following articles, viz:

Lagow P. and M. Yeast Powders.
2 " Schultz' Powders.
2 " Pill. C. Capsicles.
2 " Castor Oil, assorted sizes.
5 " Ess. Peppermint.
5 " " Cinnamon.
5 " " Lemon.
5 " Paregoric.
5 " Laudanum.
3 " Opodeldoc.
3 " British Oil.
3 " Hacken's "
3 " Turlington's "
1 " Pain Killer.

Together with a large supply of Dye-stuffs, Dyers, Paints, Oils, &c., &c., all of which he offers low for cash, or on time to punctual customers.

J. N. SMITH, Druggist and Chemist, Green St.

Feb. 19, 1852. 70tf

LEATHER BANDS.

THOROUGHLY stretched, cemented, and riveted. The above Bands are sold 20 per cent. less than New York manufacturers' prices. Cash will be required in every instance.

For sale by

W. H. LUTTERLOH.

Fayetteville, Nov. 15, 1852. 45tf

NEW GOODS.

W. F. MOORE

HAS RECEIVED a large Stock of SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' Fine Dresses and Dress Trimmings, Bonnets, Shoes, &c.,

To which he would call the attention of the Ladies in Town and Country.

—ALSO—

A superior lot of Readymade Clothing, Hats, Boots, Gaiters and Shoes, for Gentlemen.

March 23, 1853. 79tf

NEW FIRM & NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers are now receiving from New York, a large and general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes

Among which are:

Coffee, Sugar, Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope, Nails, Window Glass, Swedes and English Iron, Sack and Alum Salt, Imperial and Black Teas, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Powder, Shot, Bar Lead, Bar and Fancy Soap.

Together with a great variety of other articles, to which they invite the attention of the public, and which they are determined to sell as low for Cash, or on time to those who pay promptly, as any house in the Southern country.

Produce of all kinds, at the highest market prices, taken in exchange for Goods.

McLEAN & JONES.

Summerville, N. C., Dec. 8, 1851. 47tf

Hotchkiss's Vertical Water Wheel.

THERE are several hundred of these Wheels in operation in different counties in North Carolina. For proof of their great advantages over the common flutter wheel, or any other wheels now in use for saw mills, we confidently refer to those who have applied them to their mills. We can recommend them particularly for their superiority in cases of a low head of water, or back water.

We still keep a supply of Wheels, suitable for different heads of water, at Wilmington, Newbern, Washington, Elenton and Fayetteville. The wheels may also be had of E. A. Brevard, Lincolnton, and Uriah Wells, Petersburg, Va.

Persons wishing to obtain the right to use the wheels, will be served on application to D. McNeill & Co., Fayetteville, N. C.

D. McNEILL.
A. A. McKETHAN.
D. J. McALISTER.

Feb'y 22, 1849 56 tf

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

300 CORDS PINE WOOD, to be delivered on my Wharf during the next six months.

T. S. LUTTERLOH.

July 22, 1852. 10tf

THE undersigned, having purchased Mr. Thos. S. Lutterloh's Distillery and Cooper-shops, have entered into Copartnership under the name of McLaurin & Strange, for the purpose of carrying on the Distillery of Turpentine, and the manufacture of Spirit Barrels.

D. McLAURIN.
WM. McLAURIN.
JAS. W. STRANGE.

Feb'y 18, 1853. 70tf

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

WE have our Steam Saw Mill in successful operation, 8 miles from Fayetteville, near the Raleigh Stage Road, and are prepared to execute orders in our line. As we run two *Rotary* or *Circular Saws*, we can fill bills at the shortest notice. We can furnish Pine, Poplar and Juniper LUMBER, and of almost any length. Our Lumber, for truthfulness of line and smoothness of face, shall be equal to any ever delivered in market.

JONES & BARGEE.

March 30, 1852. 78tf

I INTEND erecting a STILL on the Western Plank Road, 9 miles from Fayetteville, where N. King & Co. formerly had one, and would be pleased to see those making Turpentine before they make any engagements, as the late improvement made by me in distilling will enable me to give good prices for the raw material.

N. KING.

Dec. 17, 1852. 55tf

SNUFF AND TOBACCO.

Peter Lorillard,

MANUFACTURER,

No. 42 Chatham st., New York,

OFFERS for sale the following articles, warranted of superior quality: Maccoboy, Scotch, Coarse French Rapee and other SNUFFS. Also, Fine cut TOBACCO, in tin-foil and papers.

A more particular description of the various articles can be known by sending for a full price current as above.

July 15, 1852. 61-3m

THE LARGEST

SILK, RIBBON, AND TRIMMING HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

Thomas G. Stearns,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

SILKS, MILLINERY, AND FANCY GOODS,

162 Broadway, N. Y.,

HAS now in Store and is daily receiving and offering at the Lowest Prices, a complete assortment of GOODS IN HIS LINE, comprising all the various styles and descriptions consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks; Marcellines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings; Bonnet Ribbons; Taffeta and Satin Ribbons; Dress Trimmings of all kinds; Embroideries; French and English Crapes, Crape Lisses, Silk Cravats; Gloves of all kinds; Silk Lace Mitts; Barèges, Laces; White Goods, Hosiery, L. C. Handkerchiefs.

The undersigned would invite the attention of his friends and the Trade generally. He will offer great inducements to CASH AND SHORT TIME BUYERS.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,

162 Broadway,

Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N. Y.

July 15, 1852. 61-3m

Taylor's Temperance Hotel.

The Proprietor takes this opportunity to inform the Temperance community, and the public in general, that he still continues to keep the above named House on strictly Temperance principles. Thankful for past favors, he would again invite all who want a quiet, comfortable and cheap home while stopping in the city, to give him a call. His house is well located for business men, being **No. 28 Cortlandt St., near Broadway,** and the landing of most of the Steamboats and Railroads in the city.

New York, 1852. ELIJAH TAYLOR

GEO. M. TRACY & Co.

No. 84 William Street,

Corner of Maiden Lane, NEW YORK,

IMPORTERS OF

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

IN this Establishment, being the largest in the city, may be found a large and well selected Stock, embracing in part of each Scarfs and Cravats, Hosiery, Gloves, Under Garments, Suspenders, Stocks, London and Napoleon Ties, Shirts of all qualities, &c. Having been engaged in this business for the last twenty years, comment is unnecessary, as they have made such arrangements in Europe that they are receiving by almost every steamer, the choicest goods the market affords, and purchasers need not call at six establishments that every article in the Furnishing line may be found. Terms 2½ 30 days. 72 3m

Union Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store.

RALPH & CO.

27 FULTON ST., N. YORK.

OFFER for sale a large and select assortment of American and Horticultural Implements, consisting of Ploughs, and Castings, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Horse Powers, Threshers and Separators, Forcing Mills, Grain Cradles, Scythes and Snaths, Grain Mills, Sugar Mills, Root Cutters, Sausage Cutters and Stuffers, Ox Yokes and Bows, Rakes, Hoes, Hay and Manure Forks, Spades, Shovels, Carts, Wagons, Wheelborrows, &c.

Field, Garden and Flower Seeds, a large variety.

Fertilisers: Peruvian Guano, Sup. Phosphate Lime, Bone Dust, Poudrette, Charcoal Dust, Plaster, &c.

Manufacturers of Schaebly's Reaping and Mowing Machine, Daniel's Hay, Straw and Stalk Cutters—Agents for the sale of Wm. Hovey's Patent Straw Cutters. A descriptive catalogue will be sent on application by mail.

March 22, 1853. 13 3m

MUSIC.

E. F. WHITAKER, formerly Professor of Music in Carolina College, would respectfully announce that he has located in Fayetteville for the purpose of teaching Music. He would be very happy to receive the names of those who wish their daughters instructed in this delightful branch of female literature. He may be found at Mrs. Bayne's residence. Vocal Music taught in connection with instructions on the Piano, *gratis*.

Terms $15 per Quarter.

Pianos tuned and repaired on very accommodating terms. Dec. 7, 1852. 50tf

SADDLERS' AND COACH MAKERS'

HARDWARE, &c.

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,

No. 222 Baltimore St., Baltimore,

IMPORTERS and Dealers in Hog Skins, Saddle Trees, English Heads and Reins, Girth Webs, Stirrups, Hames, Bitts, &c. Springs, Axles of all kinds, Coach Lace, BENT FELLOES, Hubs, Spokes, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Patent Canvass, Carpeting, and every article connected with either branch of the business, which they are prepared to offer to punctual customers on as good terms as any other house in the United States.

Agents for the sale of Pope's Self-Adjusting PADS and Spencer's GIG TREES.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

Address

THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS,
No. 222 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE.

49Y]

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale 1000 acres of fine Turpentine and Timber LAND, in Robeson county, about four miles North East of Lumberton. Nearly the whole tract is heavily timbered, and there are several beautiful situations for a residence. But a small portion has been cleared. It lies as high and healthy as any land in this region of country.

Also, six unimproved Lots in the town of Lumberton. Persons wishing to purchase will make application to Robert E. Troy, in Lumberton, or to the subscriber in person, 12 miles from the village, on the Harllesville Road.

JOHN A. ROWLAND.

Sept. 13, 1852. 29tf

FOR NEW YORK.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

THE first class side-wheel Steamship ROANOKE, 1200 tons burthen, Edward Cavindy, commander, leaves Richmond and Petersburg every Tuesday afternoon, and Norfolk every Wednesday morning, at 11 o'clock, with the United States Mail, arriving in New York next day.

Passage and fare, state room included, from Richmond or Petersburg, $10 00.

Passage and fare, state room included, from Norfolk, $9 00.

Steerage passage half price.

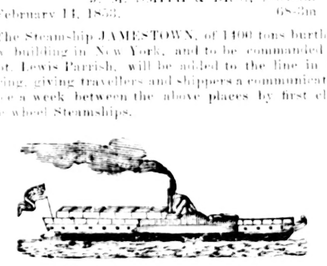
The Roanoke has now been running about eighteen months, during which time she has never missed a trip, and has always kept up to her time.

Travellers will find this route the cheapest and most comfortable. For passage apply to

LUBLAM & WATSON, Richmond.
SAML. G. BAPTIST, Petersburg.
J. M. SMITH & BRO., Norfolk.

February 14, 1853. 68-3m

The Steamship JAMESTOWN, of 1400 tons burthen, now building in New York, and to be commanded by Capt. Lewis Parrish, will be added to the line in the Spring, giving travellers and shippers a communication twice a week between the above places by first class side-wheel Steamships.



FREIGHTING ON CAPE FEAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the Steamers Evergreen and Southerner and Tow Boats, lately the property of the Henrietta Steamboat Company, are now prepared to forward with despatch, between Wilmington and Fayetteville, all freights or goods entrusted to them.

F. N. & J. H. ROGERS.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 14, 1853. 68tf

UNPARALLELED DISPATCH.

D.HLY' LI.VE!

THE undersigned informs the public that he is now running a daily line of light draft Steamers on the Cape Fear River, consisting of the following boats:

New Steamer Zephyr,
" " Major Wm. Barnett, 12 inches draft.
" " Fanny Lutterloh, 14 " "
" " Rowan,

One of these boats will leave Fayetteville every morning (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clocks, and Wilmington every day (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, landing goods and passengers in Fayetteville in fifteen hours from starting.

Goods intended for these boats should be sent to the office of J. & D. McRae & Co., or E. J. Lutterloh, at Wilmington, who will forward at the usual rate of commission. The Steamers Zephyr and Major Wm. Barnett are elegantly furnished for the accommodation of passengers. Passage to or from Wilmington, $5.

T. S. LUTTERLOH, Agent.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 7, 1853. 66tf

E. J. LUTTERLOH,

FORWARDING AGENT AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND AGENT FOR

Steamer Major Wm. Barnett.
" Fanny Lutterloh.
" Rowan.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Feb'y 7, 1853. 66-3m

REDUCED FARE.

Through Tickets between Wilmington, N. C., and Baltimore, Fare $15. Via Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, & Washington City, or via Weldon, Portsmouth and Norfolk.

For Tickets apply at the Office of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company, at Wilmington, or at the office of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, and of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, Pratt Street, Baltimore.

Jan 1, 1852. 53-tf

The Subscriber still continues to carry on the CABINET BUSINESS in Fayetteville, and in addition to his Establishment on Bow Street, near Eccles's Bridge, has opened a large WARE ROOM on Hay street, nearly opposite the Fayetteville Hotel, and one door East of Messrs. Haigh & Son's, where a general assortment of

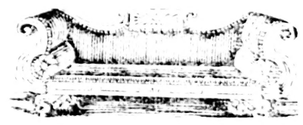
FURNITURE.

Made by competent and faithful workmen, may be had at prices corresponding with the times. Also, an assortment of Northern made FURNITURE, selected by himself, which will be sold at a very moderate advance.

DUNCAN McNEILL.

Nov. 30, 1851. 48tf

THE Trade on hand an assortment of Fisk's celebrated METALLIC BURIAL CASES, which have been highly recommended by Willie P. Mangum, Henry W. Lewis, Gen. Wm. R. King, and many other illustrious characters, who have examined and witnessed their utility.



Cabinet Furniture, Chairs, &c.

THE subscriber is receiving the largest assortment in his line ever before purchased at the North, which, together with his own manufacture, makes his Stock very complete, consisting of

Chairs, Tables, Sofas, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Bureaus, Looking Glasses, Side Boards, Secretaries, &c.

All of which will be sold on the lowest terms for Cash, or on short time to punctual customers.

JOHN W. BAKER.

Oct. 30, 1851. 55tf

50,000 lbs. of Rags Wanted.

I WILL pay 3½ cts. per pound cash for all clean cotton and linen RAGS, delivered to J. D. Williams, in Fayetteville. I am nearly ready to put in operation a Paper Mill in this neighborhood, and am desirous of getting my rags in this market. My object is to pay as much for rags as I can afford, and hope that I may not be forced to distant markets for my supplies. I have arranged with Mr. Williams to receive and pay for all rags delivered to him.

DAVID MURPHY.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 24, 1852. 68-tf

THE highest cash price paid for Turpentine, White Oak Staves, and Oak or Ashe Heading. Call on Jas. W. Strange, who can always be found at the Still.

McLAURIN & STRANGE

Feb'y 18, 1853. 70tf

MARBLE FACTORY,

By GEO. LAUDER.

TWO DOORS ABOVE C. T. HAIGH & SON'S STORE,

Fayetteville, N. C.

Jan'y 20, 1853. 61-1Y

WILLIAM A. GWYER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

PERSONAL attention given to the sale or shipment of Naval Stores. I have ample facilities for conducting the business; largewharf and store sheds to keep spirits from exposure. Naval stores will be shipped to any house in New York, or to other markets if advisable, and liberal cash advances made on consignments. I refer to the following distillers:

E. Hannum, Wayne County.
Chandler Hall, Johnston Co.,
Lovett Peacock, Columbus Co.,
B. H. Barden, " "
Thos. L. Vail, Bladen "
Messrs. Smith, & Ingram, Johnston Co.,
Messrs. Z. & J. Jones, "
Messrs. Smith & Jones, "
Spencer Fountain, Esq., "
Levi Bailey, Esq., "

May 20, 1852. 93-ryd

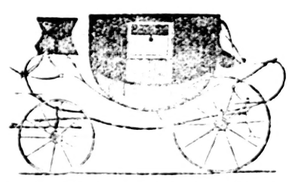
To the Agriculturists.

WE have just received a variety of PLOUGHS, Plough Fixtures, Corn Shellers, &c.

☞ Straw Cutters to suit.

J. & T. WADDILL.

March 14, 1853. 76tf



Only Burnt out in Part.

A. A. McKETHAN

STILL continues to carry on the CARRIAGE BUSINESS in all its branches, at the remains of his old stand, opposite Liberty Point. He returns thanks for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received, and hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to give entire satisfaction, to merit a continuance of the same.

Having kept the greater portion of his Timbers at a distance from the manufactory, he has on hand a large and well selected lot of thoroughly seasoned Timber, of every description used in his business, which enables him to retain all his principal workmen. He is therefore now prepared to do any work in his line in the very best style, and on the most favorable terms—as low as any work of the same quality in N. C.

He has on hand, completely finished,

8 Barouches, for 1 or 2 horses;
6 Rockaways, and 13 Buggies.

Also, nearly finished,

10 Carriages for 2 horses;
20 Barouches for 1 and 2 horses;
12 Rockaways, and 20 Buggies;

All of which are of the most approved plan and finish, and will compare with any work in the U. States for neatness and durability.

Having been engaged in the above business for the past 20 years, his work is well known, and he refers to old customers for proof of its durability.

☞ ALL work warranted for 12 months, and repaired free of charge should it fail by bad workmanship or material, within that time.

☞ REPAIRING executed at short notice, and on reasonable terms.

Jan'y 26, 1852. 59

WOULD respectfully inform the public that he is still at his old stand carrying on the above business in all its branches. He returns thanks for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes by a strict attention to business, and a desire to please all, and give general satisfaction, to merit a continuance of the same.

He warrants all his work to be made of the best material and by experienced workmen,—having a more *experienced* and *practical Smith*, he flatters himself that his work will compete with any made in the State for style, elegance and durability; and should any of it fail in twelve months (with fair usage) either in workmanship or material, he will repair it free of charge.

Persons wishing to buy, would do well to call and examine his work as he is determined to sell low for cash or on short time.

Orders thankfully received and promptly attended to.

☞ REPAIRING neatly executed at short notice and lowest possible prices.

Fayetteville, Jan 29, 1853. 65tf

JUST RECEIVED,

A PRIME lot Mountain Butter.
New Orleans and Cuba Molasses.
Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee.
Sugar, Rice, &c.

WORTH & ELLIOTT.

March 7, 1853. 73tf

$75 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 13th inst., three negro fellows, Elijah, Lizamond and Lafayette. Said negroes were between the age of thirty and forty, of a dark yellow complection, stout built, and about five feet ten inches high. The above negroes were hired from Robt. Alston, of Chatham county, and I expect they are now harboring about his plantation, where they have wives.

The above reward will be paid for the apprehension and delivery of said negroes to me, or twenty five dollars for the delivery of either one of them.

D. W. ROGERS.

Lumberton, N. C., Feb'y 18, 1853. 72tf

FOR SALE,

NINETY years lease of timber on 800 acres, lying on Crane's Creek, near Lower Little River. The greater portion of this timber is very fine, and as yet untouched by an axe, and within a mile of navigable water. The right to the land may be had, if desired, on reasonable terms.

J. C. HOOPER.

Fayetteville, Jan. 1853. 64-3m

FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES.

Great Reduction in Price.

EGENTON, MORRIS & CO.

CONTINUE to make to order, and keep constantly on hand

French Burr Millstones

Of all dimensions, warranted to be of best quality, being made from Burr blocks selected by them from the best quarries in France. They keep for sale

Cologne, Cocalica and Esopus Millstones; Burr Blocks, Bolting Cloth, Screen Wire, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, &c.

Orders from any part of the country promptly attended to.

R. M. ORRELL,
Agent at Fayetteville, N. C.

March 11, 1853. 76tf

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

WE HAVE now in Store a LARGE and WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS,

Summer Hats, Bonnets, Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Umbrellas, and Parasols;

which we are prepared to offer at **WHOLESALE** on the most reasonable terms, and to which we invite the early attention of Merchants making purchases in this market.

STARR & WILLIAMS.

March 14, 1853. 76 tf

LARD AND BACON,

At J. & T. WADDILL'S.

Feb'y 17, 1853. 70tf

Spring, 1853.

JAMES KYLE

IS now receiving a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

which have been purchased for CASH in the first hands, and will be sold on as low terms as any house in this market. Country Merchants and others will find it to their interest to examine the Stock.

March 12, 1853. 75tf

1853.

SPRING GOODS.

WE are now receiving our SPRING goods, a larger stock than any former one, consisting of

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

In addition to the above, we have on hand a large and well selected assortment of Ready Made CLOTHING. All of which we offer to the trade at unusual low prices and accommodating terms.

HALL & BOLLINGER.

N. B. Strict attention paid to orders.

March 12, 1853. 75tf

WANTED,

20,000 BBLS. Turpentine, for which the highest prices will be paid.

I would also employ two or three Coopers to manufacture Turpentine Barrels.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

Lumberton, N. C., Feb'y 10, 1853. 69tf

D. & W. McLaurin

HAVE just received, in addition to their former Stock—

100 kegs NAILS,
10 hhds. Sugar,
20 bbls. Granulated ditto,
60 bags Coffee,
50 pieces Dundee Bagging,
7 bales Gunny Cloth,
15 coils Rope,
6 tons Swedes and English Iron,
50 kegs pure and extra White Lead,
50 boxes Window Glass,
10 kegs Drop and Buck Shot,
25 Kegs HF.G Powder.

—ALSO—

Loaf and Crushed Sugars,
Par and Fancy Soaps,
Mackerel, in barrels and half barrels,
Cheese, Spices, Pepper, Ginger, Starch, Mustard,
Spanish Brown, Sodas, Saltpetre, Sulphur, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Yeast Powders, Sperm Candles, and a general assortment of DRY GOODS, Boots and SHOES, HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

We offer the above Goods at low prices, for cash or good paper.

D. & W. McLAURIN.

Sept. 13, 1852. 27tf

Smithville Male and Female Academy.

THE Spring Session of this Institution will commence its fourth session, in the new and commodious building, 17th February, and close its first session of the Year 15th June, 1853. Organization and discipline heretofore, Mr. Murphy excepted, whose services necessary, will be supplied by a competent Assistant. For particulars address the principal.

JAMES H. BRENT.

Smithville, N. C., Dec. 30. 59-3m

EDWIN GLOVER.

At the sign of the Large Watch, Hay Street,

HIS OLD STAND.

Has just received his FALL STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of

Watches, Jewelry,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, AND MILITARY GOODS.

AMONG his assortment may be found Watches of all kinds, from $8 to $125; gold Fob, Guard and Vest Chains; gold Seals and Keys; silver Fob and Vest Chains and Keys; Breast-pins, Ear-rings and Finger rings, a fine stock; Cuff-pins; Bracelets; gold and silver Spectacles; Thimbles and Pencil's; gold Pens; Colt's and Allen's Revolvers; Chess men; Accordeons; silver Spoons; silver Cups, &c.; Military Goods of all kinds; a fine Lot of Clocks, and almost everything else in his line, which will be sold cheap for Cash, or short time to those that will pay their debts when presented.

☞ Watches and Jewelry repaired as usual.

Old Gold and Silver taken in Exchange.

☞ All those indebted by Note or Book account must pay by the 1st of November.

Fayetteville, Oct. 4, 1852. 31tf

Drugs and Medicine.

SAMUEL J. HINSDALE

IS NOW RECEIVING additions to his large stock of

Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals.

His arrangements with large importing Drug Houses in New York and Philadelphia are such, that he can always procure imported Drugs and Chemicals of the best quality. All the Pharmaceutical Preparations and Compounds sold by him are made under his personal superintendence, and Physicians and the public may rest assured that they are genuine.

He respectfully solicits orders from Physicians at a distance, as well as from those in the adjoining counties, feeling confident that he can sell on as good terms as any house in North Carolina.

As to the quality of his Drugs, he refers to the Physicians who have been his patrons for the past 7 years.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders, and to packing of Glassware.

SAMUEL J. HINSDALE,
Druggist and Apothecary.

March 21, 1853. 78-3m

AFFLICTED, READ!

PRELIMINARY GENERAL BOOK-STORE established by Dr. E. [illegible] No. 4 West corner of Third and [illegible] Philadelphia.

LEARN YOUTH AND MANHOOD.—A Gigantic System of Self-Preservation.—Dr. Culverwell's great prize Essay, entitled with useful information for the Married or those contemplating Marriage, both sexes alike to every one, whether married or single, at once interesting and instructive. The Author, in a clear and impressive warning, gives from a thirty years' experience, the humane and successful mode of treatment of Nervousness, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental Incapacity, Impure Blood, Local Weakness, Organic Debility, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Hypochondria, or Blue Devils, Disease of whatever name or nature, however caused, and by whatever the system may have been reduced or debilitated. Also, Dr. Culverwell on Marriage, a few copies of which will be sent to any address, free of postage, on receipt of two stamps. Address, post paid, Dr. E. [illegible] Kosciusko, N. W. corner of Third and Union streets, Philadelphia. Consultation hours, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Patients at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid) and be supplied with medicines, &c., forwarded to any part of the country, by express or mail. Packages of medicines, directions, &c., forwarded to any part of the country, by express or mail. Remittances can be made by mail at our risk. Persons writing will please state their sex, age, and nature of complaint, and put up enough to pay return postage. Dr. K. has also a separate book, under a separate cover, for return mail. Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post paid) and be supplied with medicines, &c., forwarded to any part of the country, by express or mail. Remittances can be made by mail at our risk. Persons writing will please state their sex, age, and nature of complaint, and put up enough to pay return postage.

Booksellers, News Agents, Peddlers, Canvassers, and others supplied with the above work at very low rates.

July, 1852.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys,

And all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Dullness, or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, or Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever, Dull pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imagining of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

CAN be effectually cured by DR. HOOFLAND'S CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS, Prepared by DR. C. M. JACKSON, at the Germon Medicine Store, No. 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled by any other preparation in the United States, as thousands in many cases of the most obstinate character have testified.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing the purest tonic properties, they act specifically on the Liver, Stomach, and Digestive Organs, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are without a parallel.

Sold at 75 cents per bottle.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

From the Boston Bee.

The editor said, Dec. 22d—

"Dr. Hoofland's Celebrated German Bitters for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous debility, are one of the most popular medicines of the day. The Bitters have been used by thousands, and a friend assures us that he has himself received an effectual and permanent cure. Complaint from the use of this remedy